

BUSINESS NOTICES

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS,
HOK UN-KOWLOON.

Marine and Land Engineers, Boilermakers,
Founders, Motor Boat Builders.

HARBOUR REPAIRS CALL FLAG "L".
SOLE AGENTS FOR "KELVIN MOTORS".

TELEPHONES:—Works K.21; Manager K.339; Harbour Engineer K.189;
Works Supt. K.410.

TELEGRAMS:—"SEYBOURNE."

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

(The European Car.)
Agents in South China for—
HUDSON, ESSEX, OVERLAND and
DODGE BROTHERS CARS.

New Hudson, Overland & Dodge Brothers cars expected shortly
CARS FOR SALE. CARS FOR HIRE.

Motor Bus Service to Repulse Bay Hotel.
Motor Buses for Hire. Terms on application.

Tel. 482. THE DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO. Tel. 482.

WATSON'S COLD CURE TABLETS

Cure a Cold in the Shortest
Possible Time.

An Excellent Remedy For
Neuralgia and Malaria
Headache.

This excellent remedy is sent regularly
from Hongkong to customers in
England & elsewhere abroad.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST ARRIVED
WARDROBE TRUNKS

PRICES
\$65.00
TO
\$85.00

CABIN TRUNKS

\$34.00, \$38.00 & \$44.00

YEE SANG FAT CO.

Corner of Queen's Road & D'Aguilar Street.
TEL. 1355.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

WINE MERCHANTS.

TEL. No. 636.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Printer's Service to the China Mail.)

NO GERMAN COMMISSION TO MOSCOW.

BERLIN, January 18.
The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung denies that a German commission has gone to Moscow but says Red Cross representatives have gone into the interior of Russia to assist the German war prisoners.

CLEMENCEAU RESIGNS.

PARIS, January 18.
M. Clemenceau has handed M. Poincare his resignation from the cabinet.

AMERICAN SENSATION.

CHARGES BY ADMIRAL SIMS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.
The Associated Press reports from Washington that a letter from Rear-admiral Sims to Mr. Daniels, Secretary to the Navy, was read before the Senate committee on naval awards. It alleged that the United States navy was unprepared for war and that the navy department had committed grave errors violating fundamental military principles. When Sims entered the war, the navy department instructed him in a note to let the British pull wool over his eyes. "We would as soon fight the British as the central powers," he so alleged that the navy department had not co-operated with American naval headquarters in London and that it was ten months before the United States really came to the aid of the allies. Mr. Hale, chairman of the committee, intimated that he would ask for an investigation of these charges. Mr. Daniels stated that he had referred the letter to the general board.

A STEAMER SINKING.

HALIFAX, January 18.
Intercepted wireless reports show that the American steamer "Powhatan" with 500 passengers aboard is in danger of sinking 400 miles from here. She is leaking badly, and the water is gaining rapidly. The White Star liner "Cedric" is standing by and preparing to take off the passengers when the weather improves.

FRENCH POLITICS.

LONDON, Jan. 18.
A telegram from Paris says that M. Millerand, Independent Socialist, and a former Minister of War, has been invited to form a cabinet in the event of a refusal of the coalition suggested as possible with Briand as premier and Lefevre as finance minister.

KAISER'S EXTRADITION FORMALLY DEMANDED.

PARIS, Jan. 18.
A note demanding the extradition of the ex-Kaiser was handed to the Dutch Minister and will be published to-morrow.

HOOVER'S SHREWD IDEA.

WASHINGTON, January 18.
Mr. Hoover has declared that the removal of the blockade from Soviet Russia has knocked one of their "greatest props" from under the Bolsheviks. The Soviet Government had ascribed every failure of socialism to the blockade, and used it as a stimulus in raising armies, on the ground that the Russians were fighting to save themselves from starvation. With the blockade largely removed the Bolshevik tyranny would face collapse when it failed to relieve starvation.

BASE INGRATITUDE.

ROBBING A BENEFACTOR.

Two Chinese, repatriated coolies of the Chinese Labour Corps, who had only recently arrived in the Colony from France, were charged before Mr. N. L. Smith this morning with the theft of two jackets, \$1,000 Indo-China currency, a purse containing \$12 Hongkong currency, and a jeweller's receipt relating to an alarm clock which had been deposited for repairs, the property of another Labour Corps man.

The first defendant pleaded that the coats were given to him by the complainant to protect him from the cold, whilst the purse and the receipt were entrusted to him for safe keeping.

The complainant giving evidence said that he was a returned Labour Corps coolie and lived in George Street, Causeway Bay. Whilst walking in town on Tuesday, he met the first defendant and recognizing him as a comrade who had served in France with him, he entered into conversation with him. On learning that the defendant was in straitened circumstances, he invited him to his house for a meal. The defendant slept the night in the house and in the morning they went to market together to buy the day's provisions. Returning home, witness went into the kitchen to do the cooking. Finding it was rather hot in the kitchen, he removed his coat and hanging it up on the wall of the room, he returned to the kitchen. When he came out of the kitchen an hour later, he found the defendant and his coat missing. In his coat, was a leather purse containing \$12 Hongkong currency, and a jeweller's receipt relating to an alarm clock, whilst seen in the lining of one of the sleeves was a \$1,000 note (Indo-China currency). Immediately after he discovered the theft, he went to the jeweller's shop and requested the

people there to detain any one who went there to redeem the clock, explaining that he had lost the receipt of which was in the pocket of the missing coat. Later in the day, he was called by the jeweller's boy, and going to the shop, he saw the second defendant, whom he did not know. The people in the shop alleged that the second defendant had produced the missing receipt and claimed the clock. Witness had him overhanded to the Police.

The accountant of the jeweller's shop gave evidence as to the second defendant going to the shop and asking for the clock. He said: "Even if you have not finished repairing it, give it to me." A Chinese detective gave evidence to the effect that the complainant, the second defendant and the shop accountant came to the Police station yesterday afternoon, and the second defendant was charged with attempting to steal the clock. The second defendant then gave witness certain information, and they all went to the Sincere Co.'s store to look for the first defendant. Not finding him there, the second defendant suggested that he might have boarded a boat bound for Canton. They rushed on board the s.s. "Fat-shan" and a search amongst the Chinese passengers, resulted in the first defendant being found.

The first defendant repeated his previous statement that the coats were given to him by the complainant and the latter stoutly denied this statement.

The second defendant said he knew nothing about the theft. He was walking near Sincere's on Wednesday afternoon when he met the first defendant who had been a comrade of his in the Labour Corps in France. The first defendant asked him to do him a favour by going to redeem the clock, and he did so. He did not know that the receipt was stolen.

His Worship discharged the second defendant and sentenced the other to three months hard labour.

The \$1,000 Indo-China note has not been recovered.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

DEATH OF AMOY MISSIONARY.

LONDON, January 15.
The death is announced of Mrs. Anne Urquhart Turner, a Missionary, of Amoy.

CHINESE ASTRONOMICAL INSTRUMENTS.

LONDON, January 14.
Writing in the Times, Major-General Sir Desmond O'Callaghan says that there is now at Potsdam a collection of extremely interesting and valuable ancient astronomical instruments—astrolabes, azimuth circles, equatorial sights and other similar objects of exquisite workmanship—looked by the Germans from the Chinese during the Boxer Rebellion.

The gentleman, who saw these instruments in China before they were taken to Germany, suggests that it will be a graceful act on the part of the Allies, and would give great satisfaction to the civilised nations of Europe, if sufficient pressure were put upon Germany to induce her to disgorge this historically interesting loot and restore it to China, whose lasting gratitude such restitution would certainly earn.

General O'Callaghan hopes that the suggestion will be thought worthy of consideration.

CHINA'S VIEW AS REGARDS TREATY TERMS.

LONDON, January 15.
Writing in the Times with reference to General Sir Desmond O'Callaghan's letter, Mr. Eugene Chen points out that the restitution of the astronomical instruments mentioned is a term of the Treaty of Versailles, and says that, although China has not signed the Treaty owing to President Wilson's opposition to her doing so under a reservation regarding Shantung, the Chinese view is that Article 131 of the Treaty, providing this restitution, is operative, since it is a treaty of obligation undertaken by Germany to the Allied and Associated Powers as a whole.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, January 15.
Messrs. Montagu's report says the difference between to-day's cash and forward prices, which are 79d. and 75½d. per ounce, respectively, is a record.

The cause is the unprecedented quantity of refinable silver offered. This is almost certainly the product of German and other coin melted down abroad and sent here for refining and realisation. The German, who is fortunate enough to possess 200,000 marks in silver coin, can have them melted into bars, and sell them as bullion for £1,143 which, at to-day's exchange, would buy 235,459 marks in currency.

Despite the great capacity of London refiners, it has not been found possible to refine these bars except after a delay of some weeks; hence the scarcity of spot supplies and the high premium for them.

The fall in prices is due to the news of the arrival of, probably, a record shipment of £4,000,000 worth of silver from Shanghai.

AMERICA'S SHIPMENTS OF SILVER.

The newspaper Financial, of America, declares that the report of fifteen million silver dollars, so far shipped to China is incorrect. The time and amounts of shipments will not be announced, as the reason for secrecy is the banking situation in Shanghai and Hongkong where the financial machinery is not controlled by the Chinese Government but dominated by outside interests. Full information, regarding the amount which will be shipped under agreement, might be harmful to the object of the shipments, namely, the stabilisation of American exchange in Chinese markets.

NICKEL SUBSIDIARY COINS IN INDIA.

The Indian Mint has issued nickel eight-anna and four-anna pieces, instead of silver.

AMERICAN TROOPS TO BE WITHDRAWN FROM SIBERIA.

WASHINGTON, January 14.
It has been officially confirmed that the American Forces in Siberia will be withdrawn immediately.

The withdrawal of the entire expedition is being considered in connection with the evacuation of the Czechs.

The Americans will withdraw will first go to the Philippines.

Send your Brings in a "WALLA WALLA" Lemak.

BUSINESS NOTICES

OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT

— SPECIAL REDUCTIONS —
THIS WEEK —
ON —

MUFFLERS GLOVES
CARDIGANS SOCKS
WAISTCOATS
TRAVELLING RUGS
ETC. ETC.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

J. T. SHAW

— TEL. 893 —
Specialist in Men's Wear.
NEXT DOOR HONGKONG HOTEL.

Adds, Subtracts, Multiplies, Divides.

\$10.00 CALCULATOR

Compact and easy to use.

Sole Agents
BREWER & CO.,
Tel. 606. 23 Queen's Road Central.

TOILET BRUSHES.

We have recently received a full and varied assortment of the above including Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Nail Brushes, Military Cases, also Combs, Puff Boxes, Mirrors, Manicure requisites, etc., etc.

INSPECTION INVITED.

THE PHARMACY,

22, Queen's Road Central.
Tel. 345.

J. ULLMANN & Co.

French Firm, Established 1867.

Quality, Variety, Perfection.

THE FAR EAST BUILDING CO.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
REINFORCED CONCRETE SPECIALISTS.

DEALERS IN BUILDING MATERIALS AND ALL
SANITARY FITTINGS, ENAMEL & PORCELAIN.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTIONAL
WORK UNDERTAKEN.

OFFICE and SHOWROOM: 8 Beaconsfield Arcade,
Telephone 3082. (OPPOSITE CITY HALL).

CALDBECK'S

MANHATTAN
VERMOUTH
GIN
COCKTAIL

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

THE HANDLEY PAGE

MULTIPLE ENGINED BIPLANES
HANDLEY PAGE LTD.

Orickwood, London, N. W. 2.

Sole Agents for China:
PEKING SYNDICATE LTD.,
Peking.

Sub-Agents for [Hongkong] and South China:
W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,
Hongkong.

NOTICES.

G. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER
AND SURVEYOR.

Public Auctions—

INTIMATIONS.

UNIVERSITY OF HONGKONG.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the
post of Part-time Tutor in
Physics.Particulars can be obtained from the
Dean of the Faculty of Medicine,
N. T. MACKINTOSH,
Registrar.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are warned that DOGS
without COLLARS found at large
after 10 p.m. are liable to be destroyed by
the Police.E. D. C. WOLFE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.
Hongkong, January 17, 1920.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that
persons applying for licences
under the ALMS and ORDINANCE
should do so between the hours of
9 a.m. and 11 a.m. daily, SUNDAYS
and HOLIDAYS excepted.Application to be made at the Licencing
Clerk's Office, Central Police
Station.
E. D. C. WOLFE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.
Hongkong, January 10, 1920.ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT
CLUB.

REGATTA.

PROGRAMME OF EVENTS.

THE ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT
CLUB propose holding a Rowing
Regatta on SATURDAY, 28th February,
1920. The MEETING will take place
at the Club House, North Point.

Event 1.—SERVICE RACES:—

Cutters (12 oared). Crews from
H.B.M. Navy under Naval arrange-
ments.

ALL COMER'S RACE:—

Under Naval arrangement.

Event 2.—FOUR'S:—

(a) Inter Port Four's (Challenge Cup). Course
1 mile.(b) Junior Four's (Challenge Cup). Course
1 mile.(c) Hong Race (Brokers' Cup). Course
1 mile.(d) Crews from any one Hong. Officers
of H.B.M. Navy, H.B.M. Army and Civil
Services may enter for this race. A
combined crew from two small Hong's
may enter at the discretion of the Row-
ing Committee.Miniatures of the Challenge and
Brokers' Cups will be presented to each
winner of the winning crews.

Event 3.—PAIR OARS:—

(a) Inter Port. Course 1 mile.

(b) Junior Pair. Course 1 mile.

Event 4.—DOUBLE SCULLS:—

OPEN. Course 1 mile.

Event 5.—SINGLE SCULLS:—

(Challenge Cup). OPEN. Course 1 mile.

Event 6.—MIXED DOUBLE SCULLS:—

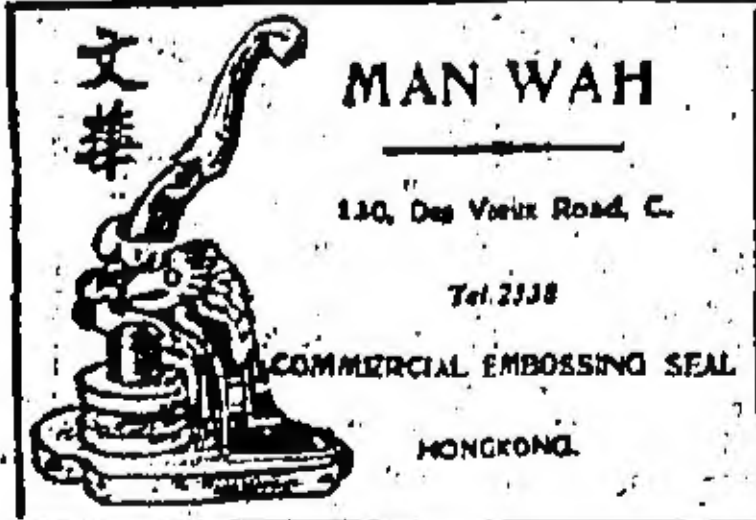
Open to Ladies and Gentlemen with
Lady Coxswain. Course 1 1/2 miles.The proposed programme may be
added to or varied later if found desir-
able. Names of individuals and crews
to be sent to the undersigned not later
than one week before the regatta. The
finishing point will be the Club House.

Entrance Fees:—

\$5.00 for Four's.

\$3.00 for Pair Oar Boats.

\$7.50 for Singles.

J. S. McCANN,
Hon. Rowing Secretary.Practice take place on TUESDAYS
and FRIDAYS at 5.30 p.m. and coaches
have kindly consented to coach crews
on those days.JUST ARRIVED.
A quantity of New
FILM PACKS
\$1.00 per pack of 12.MEE CHEUNG
PHOTOGRAPHER.
Lee House Street. Tel. 1713.

INTIMATIONS.

運代 麥 麥
JUST RECEIVEDfrom AUSTRALIA a large shipment
of LAOTOGON, UNSWEETENED
CONDENSED MILK, STERILIZED
NATURAL MILK, MALTED MILK
and SWEETENED COCOA and
MILK, sold at very reasonable prices
owing to the present high rate of
Exchange, especially for Retailers.SHIU FUNG TAI & CO.,
Sole Agents for Hongkong and South China.
Nos. 47 & 49, Cross Street, Hongkong.
Telephone Nos. 1292 & 1293.

JUST RECEIVED

POSTAGE STAMP

ALBUMS

Good assortment

from

60 cents to \$16 each.

GRACA & CO.,

No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P.O. Box 920. Hongkong.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER



OBERG & CO.,

40, CROSS STREET,
HONGKONG. Telephone No. 451.

HONGKONG, March 20, 1919.

THE NEW HONGKONG HONGKONG.

THERAPION NO. 1

THERAPION NO. 2

THERAPION NO. 3

No. 10, Cross Street, Hongkong.

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No. 10, Cross Street, Hongkong.

WILLS'

"CAPSTAN

NAVY CUT"

CIGARETTES.

Fresh Stocks of

MAGNUM SIZE

ARRIVED.

SOLD IN TINS OF 50

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

GAS WARFARE.

(Continued from yesterday.)

Summarised, the chief reasons
which led to the general adoption of
the S.B.R. were: (1) Its efficacy
against all gases; (2) The comfortable
position for the wearer when the
respirator was being carried at the
"alert" position; (3) The rapidity with
which it could be adjusted; and (4)
The long period for which it was effective
in use—the anti-gas properties
of the canister holding good for forty
hours without recharging. The value
of the S.B.R. was demonstrated to
the full during the dark days of the
spring of 1918, when, in some cases,
men wore their masks for eight hours
at a stretch, while carrying out their
duties. At this time, when our men
were going backwards for days on
end, and often discarding much of
their property and gear as they went,
the one thing they held tightly to all
through the retreat was the small box
respirator.OTHER ANTI-GAS MEASURES.
Apart from the use of respirators,
various other means were adopted to
counter the gas danger. If a gas
shell burst inside a dug-out, the fumes
were driven out by means of fires and
fans, and special arrangements were
made to prevent gas, either from shell
or from a cloud-attack, from entering
the dug-out from the trench or the
immediate vicinity. Dug-outs were
constructed with a double porch, fitted
with an exterior and an interior gas-
proof curtain, which formed a reliable
protection. It should be noted that
practically all the gases used were
heavier than air, and therefore sank
into the trench, from which they were
removed, when the attack was over,
by means of fans.GAS ALARMS.
The primary appliance for sound-
ing an alarm, should evidences of a
cloud-gas attack be observed, was the
Strombos Horn. The noise made by
this instrument could be heard clearly
for four hundred yards, and they were
so allotted that the sounding of a horn
could be heard easily by the guardians
of the horns further down and behind
the line, and thus ensured the alarm
being passed immediately along the
whole front. The horn was attached
to a cylinder of compressed air (com-
pressed under 150 atmospheres) which
was sufficient to sound it for about a
minute. The Strombos horn was for-
mally in use of a cloud-attack only,
and not for a local gas bombardment.
In the latter event, secondary alarm
appliances, such as gongs, metal rails,
rattles, etc., were set in motion, while
in a cloud-attack all these, as well as
the Strombos horns, were employed.
Important precautionary measures in-
tended to reduce the number of "gas-
ings" to a minimum were the regu-
lar training of all troops in the use
of the Strombos horn, and the use of
respirators, the frequent and regular
inspection by gas N.C.O.'s or officersof all respirators, the thorough or-
ganisation of the alarm system; and
the provision of spare clothing, and of
soap and water, for the immediate re-
moval of all traces of Yellow Cross
gas from the person.

ORGANISATION.

The chemical war brought into being
a large and widespread organisation,
specifically created to deal with the sub-
ject. At home, the Anti-Gas and
Chemical Warfare Departments were
evolved, and carried out work of the
utmost importance, which covered
offensive and defensive measures. In
France, the defensive gas organisation
came under the control of the Direc-
tor of Gas Services, stationed at
General Headquarters, where was
also situated the Central Laboratory.
At each Army Headquarters were a
chemical adviser and an assistant
chemical adviser, who conducted the
Army Gas School, where staff-offi-
cers, senior regimental officers, and
divisional gas N.C.O.'s were trained.
At every Corps Headquarters there
was a chemical adviser and a Corps
Gas School. Here every week courses
of instruction in anti-gas measures
were given to officers and N.C.O.'s.
At Divisional Headquarters was sta-
tioned the Divisional Gas Officer, who
formed the link between the Gas Ser-
vices and the units of the division,
and who was assisted by six Gas
N.C.O.'s. In each battalion or unit
as many officers and non-commissioned
officers as possible were expected
to have attended a course at the gas
school, so that they might be able
to train their men in the correct
methods of defence. Each unit had
at least one regular Gas N.C.O., who
had passed out from the gas school.
All ranks in every unit were given
regular anti-gas training, which took
the form of respirator drill, lectures,
demonstrations of the value of the
respirator—as, for instance, sending
the men through a chamber of actual
gas—and the combining of anti-gas
with other training, as when ordinary
drill, fatigue, and marching were per-
formed while wearing the respirator,
thus accustoming the men to it, and
enabling them to wear it for protracted
periods.It will be seen from the foregoing
notes that the German chemical war
was a serious menace, and a problem
which taxed continuously the defen-
sive powers of the military authori-
ties. That it was so effectively coun-
tered was due in no small measure to
men like Harrison, who were con-
tinually on the alert to detect any new
development on the part of the enemy.

CURE THAT COUGH.

WHEN you have a cough, it does not mean that you have
consumption or that you are going to
have it, but it is a warning that your
lungs are threatened, and it is just as
well to take on the safe side and take
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy before it
is too late. For sale by all Chemists and
Druggists.

U.S. TRADE WITH SIBERIA.

Enormous increases in Seattle's
foreign commerce as a result of a
new Siberian trading system organ-
ized by a group of powerful American
capitalists in co-operation with the
Kolchak government by which the
United States in effect will change its
manufactured goods for raw materials,
is an immediate prospect, according
to authoritative information reaching
the Seattle Chamber of Commerce.The Siberian trade is to be handled
on a basis of barter and exchange.
The newly formed organization will
operate a system of warehouses in
Vladivostok where Siberian goods
will be assembled for shipment to the
United States. The Russian trader
or producer will bring his goods to
these warehouses. Having delivered
his goods the trader will receive im-
mediately credit on New York city for
the value of his merchandise.The Russians in Siberia, it is de-
clared, do not want cash. They want
manufactured goods in exchange for
the raw products. With credit at his
command in New York the Russian
trader will notify his agents there to
purchase manufactured goods to the
amount of his credit and ship them
to Vladivostok.In this way the trader will not be
required to wait weeks and months
until his products can be disposed of
before receiving his money. He will
be able to start buying as soon as his
products are delivered at the Vlad-
vostok warehouses.The new organization is arranging
with the Kolchak government for the
warehouses. The Kolchak govern-
ment has obtained a loan of
\$400,000,000 from an international
group of bankers, one-half the amount
being taken by American financiers.
This is declared to be only the first
of a number of loans to be made to
Kolchak. These loans are of vital
interest to the Pacific Coast as United
States bankers virtually have under-
taken the work of outfitting the Kol-
chak government.It is the definite plan of the new
organization to handle the Siberian
trade through Seattle, the nearest port
to the Orient.and not only to detect, but to anti-
cipate his moves. Gas warfare, in-
troduced by the enemy in the hope
that it would prove in his hands a
weapon for procuring speedy victory,
recalled on its inventors. "One can
believe the tale told by a Belgian
gentleman to a friend of this writer,
just before the war ended, that the
Kaiser, on one of his visits to his
army in Belgium, when shown a
cemetery in which were buried many
of his troops who had been gassed,
turned to his staff with a shudder,
and said: 'I did not wish this horror-
ful thing to happen to my soldiers.'
I did not wish it!"—GREENCROSS.
In the "Pharmaceutical Journal" and
"Pharmacist."

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery.

TO MAKE A DAINTY MEAL.

Buy "ROOSTER BRAND" Macaroni, Vermicelli, Egg-Noodles,
Pasta Stars and other kinds of Soup Stuffs from us. All our Paste
Products, made in a new, well-ventilated and modern style Factory, are
pure, wholesome and of excellent quality.
Obtainable from all our Agents everywhere.
Samples and Price List will be given free of charge on application to
our Head Office.THE HING WAH PASTE MFG.
CO., LD.HEAD OFFICE: 47 & 49, Cross Street, Hongkong.
Tel. No. 333.
TRADE MARK. BRANCH OFFICE: 430 & 431, Nanking Road, Shanghai, China.

HOTELS AND CAFES.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

OPERATING:—

THE HONGKONG HOTEL,

HOTEL MANSIONS,

THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL,

(To be opened 1st January, 1920.)

J. B. TAGGART,
MANAGER.

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting
throughout. Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373. Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA"
J. WITCHELL, Manager.

PALACE HOTEL.

KOWLOON.

(Two minutes from Star Ferry).

Recently renovated and refurnished, electric light and fans throughout,
and entirely under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision
of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to
families on application to
Telephone K. 5. Telegraphic Add: "PALACE"
J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)

108 HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes
walk from the Banks and Central District. 43 Bedrooms, Excellent Cuisine,
scrupulously clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on
application to the Proprietress. Launches meet Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON"
Mrs. F. E. CAMERON.

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

18, Des Voeux Road Central. Near Hongkong Hotel.

Try our BREAD, made from the very best Flour
and guaranteed to be the purest Bread in the
Colony. DON'T FORGET and order early our own
made PUDDINGS and MINCE PIES.

Christening, Birthday & Wedding Cakes made to order.

Mrs. N. BABBAGE, Manageress.

BLUE
BIRD
ICE CREAM
PARLOUR
AND CONFECTIONERSCHOCOLATES
Plain Sweet Vanilla Chocolate
Home-Made Assorted Chocolate
Harrison's Scotch's and Swiss
Caramelized Chocolate
Imperial Cocoa
Peanut
Chocolates
30 cts per lb.
50 cts per lb.
60 cts per lb.TANG YUE, DISTRICT
Solicitor
the late SIEH KING,
14, D'ARVILLE STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE.
Consultation free.

FRENCH LESSONS.

G. MOUTON
15, Morrison Hill Road.

THE CHINA MAIL EXTRA.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1920.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

TRADE WITH RUSSIA?

LONDON, January 20.

The food-controller, Mr. Roberts, in a speech expressed the conviction that the ever upward tendency of the cost of living is due to decreased sources of supply. The only way out of the impasse was to discover new sources and thereby re-establish competition. He abhorred trading with Bolsheviks but had to recognise that the stridency in Britain was due to being cut off from Russian supplies. He asked which was the wiser policy, to endeavour to tap these sources or to risk still higher prices? If it were possible with honour to resume trade with Russia they could undoubtedly open up a vast new avenue of wealth and employment. If they did not do so he was convinced that Germany and America would. He mentioned that for some time past he had been in communication with Russian cooperative agencies which had survived despite Soviet opposition and were to-day operating in soviet territory.

Colonel Ward in a speech emphatically condemned opening up relations with soviet Russia. He declared that no such thing as a cooperative society or trade union existed under Soviet authority. He related an instance of a soviet confiscating trade union property and funds on the ground that the capitalist regime and the relationship of employer and employed had ceased to exist, therefore trade unions were no longer necessary. Despatches from Paris state that it was on Lloyd George's initiative that decision was taken partially to raise the blockade on Russia which is regarded by the papers as a most important measure. Food-controller Roberts told the labour conference in London yesterday that the Allies had undertaken to supply Russia with seeds, clothing, woollens, and other necessities in exchange for corn, food, and raw materials. This arrangement would operate comparatively soon. There were at present a million tons of wheat in Russia ready for export, immediately transport facilities were available. Negotiations were now proceeding with soviet Russia. There seems to be a growing feeling in favour of the decision. The *Observer* says "the decision is a cold douche of commonsense after the alarmist semi-official communiques on the subject of Bolshevism. It is practically an announcement that the Allies are willing to give every chance to the possibilities of Russian peace which is indispensable to general peace." The *Sunday Times* says: "Urged by panic-mongers to rattle the sabre, the supreme council has preferred to extend the olive branch and to convince the Russian people that the allied nations earnestly wish Russia to resume her place in the human family circle." The *Westminster Gazette* says: The war office account of the European Asiatic peril was the last attempt to stampede the public with a view to altering the decision known to be impending in Paris.

EMPIRE AND COTTON.

LONDON, January 18.

The *Weekly Dispatch* says the forthcoming report of the empire cotton-growing committee says the empire can remedy the world's deficiency of cotton provided the imperial and dominion governments assist and that all engaged in the cotton industry cordially co-operate. It will suggest that the committee continue to exist and that it be given general control of the development of the cotton industry with a treasury grant of £10,000 annually for five years for expenses. It will also suggest the immediate establishment of a central research institute to investigate the scientific principles of cotton-growing and the government's all empire cotton-growing areas should fully control cotton-growing and establish local associations of growers and advise them.

The report will suggest that money should be found by the treasury for cotton growing areas and the cotton industry. The committee look to Egypt for the greatest help as regards increased production, and say proper irrigation of the Northern delta would result in an increase of at least 900,000 bales. Development work in Uganda and Nigeria is expected to produce an additional 100,000 bales. With regard to the Sudan it is possible to put another million acres under cotton. As regards India, the defective methods of marketing and malpractices with regard to seed whereby the better types of cotton fail to realise their full value must be remedied before any improvement is possible.

NEW BRITISH LOAN.

LONDON, Jan. 20.

The newspapers, commenting on the new British five year 5½ per cent. loan, emphasise the special feature that the loan is redeemable under five years at the option of the holder by notice given in January 1921, 1922, or 1923, requiring repayment twelve months later. Another feature is that the new bonds and interest are exempt from British taxation, including income-tax, for holders not resident in the United Kingdom. The object of the loan is to replace obligations totalling about £200,000,000 maturing in the present year.

APPOINTING HONGKONG GOVERNOR.

QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Gershom Stewart on Nov. 26 asked the Under Secretary of state for the Colonies whether the recent appointment of a senior official of the Home Civil Service to a first-class Colonial governorship is an indication that the Government consider that they have no officer in the Colonial service capable of filling such an appointment; and whether, if, as at present obtains, Colonial appointments are open to the Naval and Military Departments, and also to home Government Departments, he could arrange for some interchangeability between the Colonial service and home Departments so that the authorities at home should get to know their own Colonial officials personally, and so afford their Colonial officials, if deprived of the prizes of their own service, at least some relaxation from

the severe climates that they have to live in by being granted periods of service in home Government Departments in England?

The Under Secretary of State for the Colonies (Lieut.-Colonel Amery): I hope my hon. friend will not draw any such inference as he suggests from the appointment in question. Colonial governorships have always been open to other services besides the Colonial service, and any attempt to narrow the field of selection would be open to serious objection in the interests of the efficiency of the public service. I entirely agree with my hon. friend that there would be many advantages in establishing a system of interchange between the home and the Colonial services. The possibility of doing so has been often under consideration, but the difficulties are very great.

Mr Stewart: In view of the fact that the Colonial Secretaryship of Ceylon has recently been given to an Admiralty official, will the hon. gentleman do his best to prevent the Colonies becoming the dumping ground for other Government Departments to the detriment of the officers of his own Department?

BILLIARDS.

PALACE HOTEL TOURNAMENT FINAL.

A large attendance, very great enthusiasm and interest, runs of 105 and 57 with practically no fluking, great consistency on the part of the players—these were all distinguishing features of the final match in the tournament successfully run by the enterprising management of the Palace Hotel. The finalists were E. D. Golding (minus 200) and G. M. Bayley (minus 125) the former winning by 250 points to 189 points. Whilst the majority of those who had followed the preliminary games of the tournament predicted that Golding would capture the cup, there were many who gave their support to Bayley, who was the youngest and perhaps the least experienced player among those who took part in the tournament. Bayley extricated himself very nicely from some difficult situations and played a fine game when things were not going well for him. Several times Golding played "safe" only to see Bayley score and continue for useful runs. The excellence of the play last night can be judged from the fact that in 35 minutes Golding had wiped off his handicap of 200 and he completed the total of 450 in one and three quarter hours. A few minutes after the game started Golding scored 33, Bayley following with 17. Golding then made 23 and Bayley did excellent work under unpromising conditions, placing 18 to his credit. Golding then compiled 39 and 26. Bayley's prospects brightened in the next quarter of an hour when he put up a break of 57, following it with additions of 21 and 22. His friends were then confident that he would pull off the match but Golding came away with a splendid break of 105 which was the feature of the evening. This break has probably not been equally in Hongkong for some years. The scoring was done almost entirely at the upper end of the table. Golding's best breaks were 105, 39, 33, 25, 23, 16, 16. Bayley scored 57, 22, 21, 18, 17, 15.

The prizes were presented at the conclusion of the match by Mr. Joe Mannix, an American newspaper-man, who is also a billiard enthusiast, and who had witnessed all the games in the tournament. In handing Lieutenant Golding the splendid trophy Mr. Mannix remarked on the number of friends the winner had gained by his sporting play during the tournament. His modesty has kept the fact that he had been decorated on the battlefields for meritorious service from being generally known in the Crown Colony and they would like to take this opportunity of congratulating him on his work "over there" and also on his splendid work over here. The cup he was asked to present had been given by the management of the Palace Hotel. He (Lieut. Golding) had not been in Hongkong long but he had been here long enough to know the value of the metal of which it was made—silver. He understood that Lieutenant Golding was going to visit the United States. The Congress had voted America dry, so he could not expect when going through the States to have the cup filled with any more attractive beverage than Bryan's famous grape juice.

Mr. Mannix then handed the cup—presented by Messrs. Gande, Price and Company—to Private Bayley, and after congratulating him on the good game he had played said that he could always excuse himself for being beaten by saying that he thought it a matter of courtesy, if not of discretion and policy, to let his superior officer win. The fact that he had met Lieutenant Golding showed the democracy of the times.

A cue presented by Messrs. A. S. Watson and Company was presented to Inspector W. G. Gerrard.

H.M.S. "Hawkins" is expected to return from her southern cruise on Saturday morning next.

Mr. A. R. Lowe, of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, returned to the Colony on Tuesday last.

The Banque Industrielle de Chine is opening a new branch in Swatow and Mr. Mostine, of the local branch of the Bank, leaves on Sunday to take charge.

The Chamber of Commerce has nominated Mr. G. M. Young of Messrs Butterfield and Swire, to serve on the Committee appointed to consider the drafting of a regulation of the Volunteer Corps, to represent the view point of the employers of the men who may be expected to join the Corps.

LORD DUNSANY.

In a letter to Stuart Walker, his American producer, Lord Dunsany wrote as follows when questioned as to the correct pronunciation of his name:—"Nobody should pronounce my name Dun'sany, for pretty as the dactyl is it is not a dactyl. Those who call it Doonsahny have every right to do so, for since it is the name of an Irish place one can hardly blame people for pronouncing it in an old Irish unanglicised manner. I don't know about the Sahny, but Doon is, I believe, a quite correct pronunciation of those circular things which in Ireland are usually spelt dun and which appear in London as don, from one of which my name evidently had its name." But as a matter of fact I pronounce it Dun sa'ny, with the accent on the second syllable which is pronounced as say, the first syllable rhyming with gun."

This will be of interest to those who are in doubt as to the correct pronunciation of the name of one of England's foremost modern writers and who intend seeing the University Students in two Lord Dunsany's finest Plays of Wonder, to be given at the Theatre Royal on February 13, 14 and 18.

Advance tickets at \$3 each are now obtainable from the Registrar of the University or from Moutrie's, in exchange for which seats can be reserved two days ahead of the general booking.

The advance booking opens at Moutrie's on Friday, January 30, at 9 a.m. and the general booking on February 2, at 9 a.m.

THE MORPHIA CASE

The two Chinese who were yesterday remanded on a charge of unlawful possession of a syringe and a large quantity of morphia and cocaine; and with unlawfully injecting the drugs into the systems of four persons, without being qualified persons to handle the said drugs, were again before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning when after further evidence had been taken, they were fined \$25 each for the possession of the drugs and syringe and three months' hard labour each for injecting the drugs.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

The s.s. TAKSANG, Capt. Picknell's, 977 tons, arrived yesterday at 4.30 p.m. from Hoihow with 1,017 tons of rice, general and livestock, and 1 tag of mail.

The s.s. KAIJU MARU, Capt. Kimura, 1,128.19 tons, arrived yesterday from Swatow with 117 tons of general cargo and 17 bags of mail.

The s.s. GLENFALLOCK, Capt. Holmes, 1,434 tons arrived today at 7 a.m. from Singapore with 940 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. TEIRESIAS, Capt. J. Reipenhansen, 4,821 tons, arrived today at 6.30 a.m. from Shanghai, with 2 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. ATSUTA MARU, Capt. T. Sekine, 4,957 tons, arrived today from Singapore with 457 tons of iron goods, gold coins, window glasses, tea and general cargo, and 147 bags of mail.

DEPARTURES.

The s.s. SINKIANG, (Capt. Barkus) sailed for Shanghai today at 12 noon with 1,000 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. CHIPSHING (Capt. Matthews) sailed for Hongay today at 10 a.m.

The s.s. EMPERESS OF ASIA, (Capt. Hailey) sailed for Vancouver via Shanghai today at 12 noon with through general cargo.

The s.s. PROMINENT, (Capt. Jensen) sailed for Singapore today at 2 p.m. with 2,000 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. NINGCHOW, (Capt. Dawson) sails for Tsingtau tomorrow at 7 a.m. with through general cargo.

The s.s. TEIRESIAS, (Capt. Reipenhansen) sails for London via Singapore tomorrow at 4 p.m. with 1,500 tons of cargo.

The s.s. MUTIRA, (Capt. Morgan) sails for Moji via Shanghai tomorrow at 8 a.m. with through general cargo.

The s.s. GLENFALLOCK, (Capt. Holmes) sails for Amoy tomorrow at 7 a.m. with 840 tons of general cargo.

ARRIVALS.

January 22.

TAKSANG, Brit. 977 tons, from Hoihow and Hoihow Capt. Picknell J.M. & Co. Cal.

GLENFALLOCK, Brit. 1,434 tons, from Singapore, Capt. H. W. Holmes, Beng Soon Hong Btl.

TACOMA, Brit. 4,922 tons, from San Pedro, Capt. M. F. Kay, S. O. Co. Lai Chi Kok.

ATSUTA MARU, Jap. 4,957 tons, from Singapore, Capt. T. Sekine, N.Y.K. E. Wharf.

TEIRESIAS, Brit. 4,821 tons, from Shanghai, Capt. J. Reipenhansen, B. & S. A2.

TEAN, Brit. 1,351 tons, from Shanghai, Capt. W. McDonald, B. & S. B3.

CLEARANCES.

January 22.

SINKIANG, Brit. Noon, for Shanghai, B. & S.

CHIPSHING, Brit. 10 a.m. for Hongay, J.M. & Co.

EMPERESS OF ASIA, Brit. Noon, for Vancouver via Shanghai, C.P.O.S. Ltd.



Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
Produce Brokers and
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS

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A. 1 Telegraphic Code

Telegraphic Address
"MERRICK" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

FRIDAY,

January 23, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

Valuable Chinese Porcelains, CURIOS, &c., &c.

Including a large variety of 5-coloured and 3-coloured Vases, Wall Plates, Table Screens, Blue and White Vases, and Insect Burners, Old Bronze and Brass Figures, Vases, &c., Rakuware, Lacquered Ware, Ivory, Agate and Crystal Ornaments.

The above stock recently arrived from the North and includes pieces from the Ming, Kungli, Kienlung and Tzongwang Periods.

The bulk of which will be sold without reserve.

(Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

On view day of sale.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 17, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

SATURDAY,

January 24, 1920, at 10.30 a.m., at No. 164, Wanchai Road, THE STOREY.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

On view day of sale.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 17, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

A Few Pairs of Binoculars and Prismatic Glasses suitable for the Racing Season.

ALSO

Two Bellow Valises, Suit Cases, Kit Bags, AND

A Few Lots of Face and Bath Towels and Double Bed Sheets.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND BRASS-MOUNTED DOUBLE AND TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.

comprising:—

Large Crystalfield Sofa & Armchair (new), Folding Card and Occasional Tables, Upholstered Suite, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Teakwood Twin Bedsteads, large and small Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Wash-stands, &c., (famed Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, and good Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Electro-Plated Ware, Electric Heating Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Blackwood Fire Screens, &c., Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, &c., Carpets new and second-hand.

Also

Piano (good tone) One Enamelled Bath.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

RACE PONIES.

UNDER telegraphic instructions received from the Executors of the late B. D. KAPTEYN, the undersigned will offer for sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION

at the Grand Stand within the Jockey Club enclosure by kind permission of the Stewards of the Hongkong Jockey Club,

on SATURDAY,

next the 24th January at 8 o'clock a.m.

the following ponies with their engagements as entered for the forthcoming Race Meeting:—

LOUZA Grey (3.1.1) Horse Bazaar Sub-SINZA 12.0 description Grifflins.

SPOTTED SAND spotted 12.1 "winner of races"

The Dun pony "RUNAWAY LIGHT" 12.0 "a winner of races"

will also be offered for sale on date to be notified later.

For further particulars, apply to the Auctioneers

Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

WEDNESDAY,

January 28, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at No. 12, Kintaford Terrace, Kowloon.

Valuable Household Furniture, &c., &c., &c.

therein contained.

Comprising:—

Hall Stand and Blackwood Chairs, Flush-covered Drawing Room suite, Seamless Axminster Carpet about 12x14 (practically new), Arm-chairs, Sofas, Pictures, Blackwood Stands, &c., Extension Dining Table and Chairs (Fumed Teakwood), Sideboard and Dinner Waggon, Snuggly Glass and Crockery Ware, Double and Single Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Dressing Table and Wash-stands, Bathroom, Pantry and Kitchen Utensils.

Also

Electroliers, Pot Plants, Striking Clock by Falconer, Portable Lavatory.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

On view day of sale.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

A Few Pairs of Binoculars and Prismatic Glasses suitable for the Racing Season.

ALSO

Two Bellow Valises, Suit Cases, Kit Bags, AND

A Few Lots of Face and Bath Towels and Double Bed Sheets.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND BRASS-MOUNTED DOUBLE AND TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.

comprising:—

Large Crystalfield Sofa & Armchair (new), Folding Card and Occasional Tables, Upholstered Suite, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Teakwood Twin Bedsteads, large and small Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Wash-stands, &c., (famed Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, and good Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Electro-Plated Ware, Electric Heating Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Blackwood Fire Screens, &c., Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, &c., Carpets new and second-hand.

Also

Piano (good tone) One Enamelled Bath.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

"Everything for Motoring"



Lamps and Horns



Good Year Tyres



ALEX. ROSS & CO.

Phone 2487.

25, Des Voeux Road Central.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS, \$1. PREPAID.

Each additional 5 words 4 Cents.

WANTED.

WANTED.—SMALL FURNISHED or unfurnished house or flat in Kowloon. "Z." c/o "China Mail."

ENGLISH NURSE Thoroughly Capable and reliable desires passage with wages to VANCOUVER in exchange charge of Infant or Child in February or March. Apply Stating Terms to Mrs. MATTHEW, KALLA LUMPU, F. M. S.

FOR SALE.

BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAM-POON, CANTON, FOR SALE LOT No. 62.—Immediately behind the Russian Consulate, with an area of 12,645 square feet, measuring 90 x 140 feet, frontage to creek which is adjacent to Western Exit leading to Coast Boats berths, Sham-shui Railway and Grand Trunk Line to Hankow, now in construction.—Apply to HERBERT DENT & Co.

TO LET.

TO LET.—A SHOP in Nathan Road, Kowloon. A FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon. Apply to Humphreys Estate & Finance Co., Ltd., Alexandra Buildings.

GODOWN, No. 15 Burrows Street, to let from 1st February. 5 ROOMED furnished Bungalow at the Peak from early March. Apply to LESTER & DAVIS.

TO LET.—At Gordon Road, Causeway Bay.

1 European House.

1 Godown.

1 Factory.

Apply to the H. P. W. Co., 46A, Whitefield Road, Causeway Bay.

NOTICES.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, St. George's Building, Victoria, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, on the 28th day of January, 1920, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the following Resolutions as Extraordinary Resolutions:—

(1) To consider, and if thought fit, to approve the draft new Articles which will be submitted to this Meeting.

(2) That the Capital of the Company be increased to Three million dollars (\$3,000,000) by the creation of Two hundred and forty thousand (\$240,000) shares of Ten dollars (\$10.00) each, ranking for dividend and in all other respects pari-passu with the existing shares in the Company.

And in the event of the First Resolution being passed with or without modification.

(3) To consider, and if thought fit, to pass an Extraordinary Resolution to the effect:—That the new Articles already approved by this Meeting and for the purpose of identification thereof subscribed by the Chairman be and the same are hereby approved, and that such Articles be and they are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Company to the exclusion of and in substitution for all the existing Articles thereof.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, St. George's Building, Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, on the 18th day of February, 1920, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings of the above mentioned Meeting and of confirming, if thought fit as Special Resolutions the above mentioned Extraordinary Resolutions (2) and (3).

And the proposed Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution.

"That it is desirable to capitalize the sum of \$600,000.00 standing to the credit of the Company's Reserve Fund, and accordingly that for the purpose of effecting such capitalization a bonus of \$10 per share on each of the issued shares of the Company be and the same is hereby declared and that the Board be and they are hereby authorized to satisfy such bonus by the distribution amongst the persons who are registered as holders of the issued \$10 shares of the Company on the date hereof of one of the unissued \$10 shares of the Company credited as fully paid up in respect of each share of the Company held by such persons as aforesaid and in satisfaction of such aforesaid bonus, and that such shares rank for dividends and in all other respects as from the first day of March, 1920."

Drafts of the new Articles of Association may be seen at any time before the second meeting, except Saturdays and Sundays between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. at the Registered Offices of the Company or at the Offices of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, Prince's Buildings, Hongkong, the Company's Solicitors.

Dated this 13th day of January, 1920.

By Order of the Board,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, January 13, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND BRASS-MOUNTED DOUBLE AND TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.

comprising:—

Large Crystalfield Sofa & Armchair (new), Folding Card and Occasional Tables, Upholstered Suite, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Teakwood Twin Bedsteads, large and small Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Wash-stands, &c., (famed Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, and good Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Electro-Plated Ware, Electric Heating Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Blackwood Fire Screens, &c., Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, &c., Carpets new and second-hand.

Also

Piano (good tone) One Enamelled Bath.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND BRASS-MOUNTED DOUBLE AND TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.

comprising:—

Large Crystalfield Sofa & Armchair (new), Folding Card and Occasional Tables, Upholstered Suite, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Teakwood Twin Bedsteads, large and small Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Wash-stands, &c., (famed Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, and good Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Electro-Plated Ware, Electric Heating Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Blackwood Fire Screens, &c., Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, &c., Carpets new and second-hand.

Also

Piano (good tone) One Enamelled Bath.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

January 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

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HUSBAND WHO KEPT SILENT 3 YEARS.

ODDEST MARRIAGE SUIT SINCE 17TH CENTURY.

A husband and wife who had not spoken to one another for three years, although living in the same house!

Such was the remarkable case that was decided in the Divorce Court.

Sir Henry Duke, the President, said that nothing like it had been heard since the seventeenth century.

It was the case of F. L. Hill v. G. J. Hill, a wife's suit for judicial separation on the ground of her husband's alleged desertion and misconduct. The suit was defended, and the charges were denied.

Sir Henry Duke said it appeared that the petitioner and the respondent had lived unhappily down to July 1916. The husband was engaged in work which took him out early in the morning. He returned late in the evening, and there was very little communication between them.

HIS FINAL NOTE.

Ultimately he communicated with his wife on slips of

NEW SHIPMENT OF LOWNEY'S CELEBRATED AMERICAN CHOCOLATES

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A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
The Hongkong Dispensary,
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DOWN QUILTS

FOR
COTS, SINGLE BEDS,
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EXTRA LARGE SIZES.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS

IN
PRINTED SATIN and SATEENS
PLAIN JAP SILKS and SATEENS

MARRIAGES.

JAMES-MITCHELL.—On January 20, at the Union Church, Kennedy Road, by the Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald, Rosina MacArthur Mitchell (Rosie), only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Mitchell, Quarry Bay, to Charles P. F. James, of Messrs. W. G. Humphreys & Co., Swatow. "At Home" at 5, Tai Koo Terrace, Quarry Bay, on Monday, 22nd February.

EVANS-POWELL.—On November 25, at Newcastle-Emlyn, Evelyn Mary Powell, to Llewellyn Evans, of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

CURRY-GAUSSSEN.—On January 12, at Shanghai, Mr. Rowland A. Curry, Shanghai, to Mrs. Mary Gauss, eldest daughter of Mrs. R. S. F. Gauss, Shanghai.

MCGREGOR-WILKIE.—On January 15, at Shanghai, Alexander McDonald McGregor, to Isabella Wilkie, Dumbarton.

DEATHS.

RICCI.—Yesterday at 7 p.m., Mrs. Maria Carmo Bello Ricci, at the Italian Convent Hospital. The funeral will leave the Hospital by Robinson Road at 4.30 p.m. and pass the Monument at 5 p.m. Macao, Manila, Shanghai and Yokohama papers please copy.

LE BRETON.—At his residence, Broadwood Road, on the morning of January 22, 1920, Leonard Le Breton, aged 31 years. Deeply regretted. Funeral will pass the Monument at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

KNOX.—On December 8, at Boston, Mass., George Knox (Chinese Maritime Customs).

GODFREY.—On January 14, at Shanghai, Edward Walter Godfrey (Messrs. Teeddale, Godfrey & Neyman), aged 36 years.

The China Mail.

NEWS, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JAN. 22, 1920

PACIFIC CHINA TRADE.

The remarkable statement is made in Shipping and Engineering that since the Armistice over 70 new American business concerns have opened branch offices in Shanghai, and that the majority of these will shut up before the year is out. The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce has looked into this matter, and agreed that some of them will close their offices, because they regarded the China market as a "scriv-

quick" opportunity and will be too impatient to work and wait. That is not to say that legitimate Pacific China business will be either overlooked or neglected by American merchants who are better informed. Americans are hustlers, and it always was a truism with us that the Orient cannot be hustled. But the times have changed, and even the "changeless East" has changed with them, and a great deal probably now depends on how the hustling is done. Our American friends have certainly made good in the Philippines, and on the China coast the signs are that they have made greater commercial progress than will easily be resented. Sixty seven new American firms in Shanghai is a big advance, and perhaps the prophets who tell us that 67 will close up within a year have a wish to sire their thought. Their future, in that case, is almost sure to include a disappointment. There is a wide field for productive energy between the two extremes of foolish hustle of the merely fussy sort and of that conservative slackness which prides itself on not hustling. Advertising pays with the Chinese, and the Americans are bold and scientific advertisers, free from the cheapselling instincts which cause some others to spoil the ship for a ha'porth of tar. Given a sufficient supply of bottoms for the Pacific trade (and it has to be remembered in view of all the talk about the U.S. Shipping Board's output that America in this matter was starting practically *de novo*) we agree that there is scope and opening for more than the 67 new firms that sound such a lot to us now. Seattle and San Francisco and Los Angeles and the western American seaboard generally are wide awake to the beckoning of the Chinese customer, but so far the Shipping Board, which has many other claims upon it, has not been able to allocate to the Pacific-China trade all the bottoms it feels sure it can use. The Americans who are interested in commercial possibilities on this side are not asking for our advice, nor for such warnings as may emanate from Shanghai. They are already well advised and well-served, and the only point in referring to the fresh competition at all is for the benefit of those others who might feel disposed to make light of it. Not jeers at hustle are required, but a little competitive hustle by those who appear averse from it.

ADVERSARIA.

In the name of the telephonic stark sanity, let us ask you to wake up. Shake yourselves. Pinch yourselves. Stop and think. Do try to think. Somewhere under your hats the good God has deposited apparatus for that

purpose. It may be cobwebby, dusty, shrivelled, almost atrophied from disuse; but it is like mushroom spores—a little stirring will revive its activities. Think. What is the difference between coming out of a house and going into one? Not the different result of the movement, but the moral difference? You know of none? Then don't talk to us about things you don't understand and we do. Why, only the other day we heard a lady talking about eating. Why refer to such coarse incidents of daily life? Let us be refined, by all means, but refinement is chosen, let it be thorough, logical, and consistent. Let it apply to speech as well as to print, and to one end of a subject as well as to the other.

Marryat tells us of some gentle niggers DELICACY, who felt obliged to speak of the bosom instead of the breast of a cooked chicken. Burdette tells us of a prim spinster who referred delicately to the limbs of her piano, and even clothed them in phantasies. Among our own people there appear to be some who regard and refer to trousers as "unmentionables." We cannot understand these people, and we have no patience with them. They are the sort of fool we cannot suffer with gladness.

All people who consider themselves "refined" and who expression, permit themselves to talk freely of food. Eating is coarse. So is drinking. All purely physical operations are on a level, or should be. People who pretend otherwise are like the young lady who while her wower was present, pecked at the food daintily, and after he was gone went down to the larder and had a square meal. The most refined person here is an animal, and no amount of camouflage can contradict that. Those who would be shocked at the idea of trimming their finger nails outside the privacy of their bedrooms (we beg their pardon—we should have said their sleeping apartments) will discuss brazenly in company the idiosyncrasies of their "digestions." They talk dental experiences with disgusting particularity. No really refined person would ever publicly admit the possession of teeth. As for talking about baths, that is about as coarse as any subject could possibly be, since bathing implies the existence of dirt. Fault! The coarseness of refined and genteel people sickens us.

What is the occasion POURQUOI? of this trade? What does that matter? Why should we tell you every thing? It is sufficient for you to know that every observation in these columns has had some occasion or other, and that the result is always readable. We may say, as a concession, that we have permitted ourselves to be annoyed by an impertinence, and are angry because we forgot until too late to advise the author of it to read the fifteenth chapter of Matthew.

That section of scribbles tells how the scrupulously refined scribes and Pharisees fussed about those who ate without first washing the hands. They are answered by force of invective, called hypocrites, lip-servers, lackers of understanding, blind leaders of the blind. The moral of it all is that the refinement which is merely false delicacy is of no importance, while the spiritual basis, behind it (if there is any) is the thing that matters. Our spiritual basis is approved by the best bishops.

We published a telegram yesterday disclosing that there is no obligation on the Dutch to hand over the Kaiser for trial.

The politicians who promised election-time to "get" him are privately glad of it, for they don't want to try him, and they have no real desire to punish him. They might be glad if he would die conveniently; they are embarrassed by all the various implications that his trial would involve. As we dealt with these fairly comprehensively some months ago, we need not go into it again. But as all ordinary common sense men long ago realized, the illusory lunatic is to go free. There is one law for the rich, and one for the poor.

All Hongkong Indians were pleased when the new Indian Reform Bill passed, but some of them are not pleased with the composition of the local committee to organize their rejoicings. Europeans on discovering this laughed, and made the first obvious point, that disunity in a small community like theirs in Hongkong could point to articles in the Hongkong newspapers as indicating disunity among the whites, whereas we know that when united action is necessary we are all there. Grumblers and grouseers represent nothing more than a puppy, chewing a slipper, or a kitten chasing its own tail. It is merely surplus energy for which no serious use exists.

The Montagu Bill, of course, although SELF GOVERNMENT is a serious blow to the old imperialist gang, is only a step towards Home Rule, and Home Rule itself now depends largely on how the Indians

act in exercising the new powers they have. They have to thank Labour, and the Liberals for it, not forgetting the devoted agitators in India itself. The new government is a diarchy—a nominated executive and a ministry chosen from a mainly elected legislative body. The legislative assembly will have about a hundred members, of whom two-thirds must be elected. The remaining third are to be unofficials, representatives of minorities, etc. There is an upper Chamber of sixty, of whom not more than twenty may be official. The executive retains control in case the division of authority leads to trouble. Some powers are reserved to the executive; some are transferred to the legislative. It will be seen that it offers no real ground for the calamity howlers of the imperialist gang. If the Indians carry on properly, they will get more and more democracy. If they don't, bureaucracy will pull them up short.

According to the *Morning Post*, the Indian Civil Service and the class which regards that service as its own preserve are quite disgruntled about it. Officials in upper India are applying for their pensions. "Not only so," but the type of young Englishman which has made the British administration of India the wonder and admiration of the world (that will please Kipling) is holding back from the civil-service examinations. Let them buck up; they still have the Crown Colonies. According to the *Morning Post* it is realized that there is no future for the self-respecting Englishman in India. The obvious intention of these politicians is to weed every Englishman out of the service. [That would have pleased Kipling, whom the self-respecting fellows snubbed.]

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

To-day's dollar is worth 5s. 1½d.

To-day another case of cerebro spinal fever is reported.

A practice dance in connection with the Engineer's ball takes place to-morrow.

Lady Roca-Davies presents the prices at Kowloon British School to-morrow at 5.15 p.m.

La Favorite announces a two weeks' cheap sale from to-morrow. Reductions in prices have been made from ten to 25 per cent.

Mrs. Gibson, wife of Mr. A. Gibson, Head of the Sanitary Department, returned to the Colony by the "Absuta Maru" this morning.

It is learned that the Canton Rowing Club is entering several crews for the regatta arranged by the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club for February 28.

An Indian who bore two lovely black eyes and whose clothes required a good brushing down, appeared before Mr. Wood this morning for being drunk and incapable. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$5.

The Bishop of Victoria (Dr. Lander) is presiding over the Triennial Diocesan Synod of the Chinese Church. It is being held at Canton from to-day until Friday evening. Mrs. Lander has accompanied him.

Kowloon residents who have not yet joined the Kowloon Residents' Association are invited to send their names with the annual subscription fee of \$1. to the Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. W. Jackson, 14, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

The following proposition, sent to a Shanghai contemporary, may interest those of our readers with a faculty for high finance: "Buy a draft at present exchange at 7s. 9d. and at 7.35 and you will find you get 6.84d. for 10 cents. The cost of a stamp to England is therefore 6.84d., if you send your letter home unstamped the recipient pays 5d., so there is a saving of nearly 2d. on a letter. Something to talk about!"

A Chinese who was arrested on the Canton Wharf when about to board a steamer bound for Canton, was this morning charged before Mr. J. R. Wood with the unlawful possession of 19 tins of prepared opium which was found concealed in the false bottom of his trunk. He pleaded guilty to possession but said that the drug was for his own use. His Worship passed sentence of \$1,000 fine, or in default, six months hard labour.

NAVAL COURT MARTIAL.

A Naval Court Martial was held on board H.M.S. "Tamar," this morning. Captain Taitor-E-M, (H. M. S. "Tamar") presiding. McDougal was charged with being drunk and absent from duty and pleaded guilty. The sentence of the Court will be promulgated later.

WALLA WALLA MOTOR boats are built for your service.

SPECIAL CABLES.

THE STEAMER "CHINA."

FEARED TOTAL LOSS.

[CHINA MAIL SPECIAL.]
SHANGHAI, Jan. 21.
The steamer "China," due in Shanghai on Tuesday afternoon, went on the rocks outside Nagasaki. Attempts to float her on the afternoon tide failed. Repeated wireless messages to the "China" failed to elicit any response until three o'clock on Wednesday morning. All were then reported safe, aboard. The passengers were disembarked. The vessel was immovable and was believed to be totally wrecked. The Chinese nicknamed the "China" the "lost ship" owing to the absence of accidents during thirty years.

BOOZE PLANT ABOARD.

LATER.
Among the cargo aboard the "China" aground at Nagasaki are large quantities of liquor and of machinery for the distillation of spirits consigned to Shanghai by Walla Rosenblatt, one of famous seven brothers of California, for the purpose of establishing a Liquor Factory in Shanghai following prohibition in the United States. The reported wreck of the "China," if correct may upset these plans.

CHINA AND BOLSHIEVICS.

AGENTS ARRESTED IN CENTRAL CHINA.

[China Mail Special.]
SHANGHAI, Jan. 22.

Information has reached Shanghai that the authorities in central China have arrested Bolshhevik agents circulating propaganda. On previous occasions Bolshhevik literature was discovered in China but this is the first time the actual agents have been apprehended. They were of Chinese nationality, and it is believed were formerly with the Bolshhevik forces. They were thoroughly initiated into the doctrines of Lenin and Trotsky, but the system practised here is a special brand of politics for native consumption to suit a different people. Belief in strengthening in well informed circles that Bolshivism might take root in China in the absence of the strictest vigilance and repressive measures, inasmuch as the agents employ subtle methods and insidious propaganda likely to breed revolt.

RUSSIAN SUICIDE IN SHANGHAI.

[CHINA MAIL SPECIAL.]
SHANGHAI, Jan. 22.

The dead body of a Russian refugee was found on the Shanghai Woosung railway in the vicinity of the Russian church. It was apparently a case of suicide owing to extreme destitution. Twenty copper cents were in the pockets. The victim belonged to the working class, and was aged about thirty. This case is a reflex of the tragedy of Russia.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(By arrangement with Wah Tsz Yat Po.)

SHANGHAI, Jan. 21.

Wong Yip Tong reports to the Peking Government that there is every possibility of resuming the peace Conference, and that the other Northern peace delegates should return to Shanghai immediately.

The British Chamber of Commerce has passed a resolution urging the Home Government to waive the Boxer Indemnity.

Li Se Ho the Minister of Finance is celebrating the completion of a new house which costs \$100,000. Presents from subordinate officers to celebrate the occasion are to the value of \$100,000. [This is a characteristic example of Chinese humour, extra see—Ed. C.M.]

The Cabinet has issued instructions to the Provincial authority ordering them to give the necessary protection to the Italian aeroplane while it is in Chinese territory.

LADIES RECREATION CLUB.

A Mixed American Tennis tournament (Sealed handicap) will be played at the Ladies' Recreation Club on Saturday January 31 commencing at 2.15 p.m. The entrance fee will be \$2.00 for each couple. Members may invite a non-member to play with them. Entries close on Tuesday the 27th January and may be made either with Miss Moxon No. 109 The Peak or with the No. 1 Boy at the Ladies' Recreation Club.

SPORTS.

FOOTBALL.

UNITED SERVICES LEAGUE.

WILTSHIRES, 1; AMBROSE "B", 1.

Played on the Military ground yesterday afternoon, this United Services League match proved to be very evenly contested, and a treat to watch.

From the kick off the Wilts made a bee line for their opponents, but their progress was checked by the backs, who were early in the game showing sound judgment. The ball was cleared to midfield and there it remained for a good spell until the "Ambrose" men took it down the field to the Wilts' territory where they forced a corner. The kick was beautifully taken by the left winger but nothing resulted. Immediately from the clear, "Ginger" Wilts' clever left back passed the ball to the right winger and running down the line strongly, this worthy sent in a beautiful shot at goal. The custodian was just able to tip the ball and send it over the cross bar for a corner. The ball was again beautifully placed and several heads bobbed up to meet the ball as it descended in front of goal. Hardy got the ball and headed it into the net for the first goal of the match. Despite the fact that the "Ambrose" men tried hard for an equalizer, and on several occasions came within an ace of scoring, no more goals were registered in the first half and half time came with the Wilts leading by one goal to nil.

The second moiety opened faster than the first and both ends were visited, in quick succession, but the defences were very sound and try as they did, the forwards of the respective teams found it very difficult to get within shooting range. Then when there were only about ten minutes to go, the Wilts began to relax a little and did not defend as well as they should, probably relying too much on winning the two points at stake. After two good tries by the Wilts which resulted in the ball going a fraction of an inch too wide of its mark, the "Ambrose" men got going, and receiving the ball at midfield, the left winger set up a very fast pace and after a brilliant sprint down the touch line, he centred beautifully. "Ginger" tried to clear but kicked the ball to Hamatford who taking good aim slammed it into the net with a swift shot which the goalie found impossible to save. The battle royal which ensued for the winning goal was a treat to watch, but although both sides played all they knew, the goalies at both ends were sound and no more goals were registered. The final whistle found the match a draw of one all.

"TAMAR" 0; "AMBROSE" "A", 0.

This match which was played on the Navy ground yesterday was just as fast and interesting as the other, and ended in a goalless draw. The "Tamar" men had the best of the exchanges in the first half, and it was only the sound defence put up by the "Ambrose" men which prevented them from scoring. The "Ambrose" men visited enemy territory only about three times throughout the first half. The remainder of the time the ball was either at midfield or in their territory with the "Tamar" men doing all sorts of tricks to break through the backs. Despite the fact that they forced numerous corners and gave the "Ambrose" men a hot time generally, they survived the bombardment of their citadel and at half time, the score sheet was blank.

Play was more even in the second half, with the "Ambrose" men taking a hand in the matter. They were equally as determined as their opponents to secure the lead and consequently the match became very exciting. Corners were forced at both ends in quick succession, but the hard luck of neither side seemed to change and no matter how much care is taken not to bungle, the ball never seemed to go where the players intended it to. Play was very even until the closing five or ten minutes, when the "Ambrose" had the best of the exchanges and should with luck have scored at least three times. One particular piece of bad luck was seen when the "Ambrose" men were awarded a corner kick. Placing the ball beautifully in the goal mouth, the right winger gave his side a good chance of scoring. They all tried hard to convert but the ball simply refused to go into the net. In-and-out it went in quick succession, the goalie always seemed to be in position to punch the ball away when it came. Then finding the pressure too hot, he caught the ball and wriggling his way through the mass of struggling humanity in front of him, kicked it away to midfield. No more "incidents" occurred after this and the final whistle found the hard fought match a goalless draw.

H.K.F.C. v. H.M.S. "AMBROSE"

The following will represent the Club in their game with H. M. S. "Ambrose" on Saturday 24th Jan. 1920, on the Club Ground, Kick-off at 4.15 p.m.—Roger, Clark, Tonkin,

MACAO AND THE CHINESE.

It is reported that owing to alleged encroachment by the Macao Government in the reclamation of a portion of the fore-shore at Ching Chow Island, the Chinese authorities have despatched five battalions of troops to stay at Chin Shan, five gunboats to stay at Chin Shan Harbour, and two cruisers to remain at Tong Ka Wan waiting for the settlement of the delimitation question. It is reported that the Macao Governor and 300 Portuguese soldiers have already left for Hongkong or Canton. Another report says that the buoys laid in the Ching Chow Harbour by the Macao Government have been removed to some other place. Trouble is not expected.

Ralston, Rodger, Railton; Hamilton, McTavish, Reichelmann, Neal and Ris.

H. K. F. C. 2ND. v. K. F. C. 2ND.

The following will represent the Hongkong Football Club 2nd eleven versus the Kowloon Football Club in a 2nd Division Match at 2.30 p.m. on the Club ground on Saturday 24th January.—W. W. McKenzie; W. Gerard and Young; Jones, Weyman and Ireland; Zervin, May, G. Gerard, Pilger and Boyson.

CRICKET.

C.R.C. v. R.G.A.

The following will represent the C.R.C. in the above match on Saturday at 2.15 p.m. on home ground. Ng Sze Kwong (Capt.), Up Hwa Fan, H. Ching, C. Choa, J. Wong, Geo. Lee, Shim Man Ping, Lo Man Pui, Ho Wing Kiu, Wei Lee Son and Wong Kwok Kwong.

I.R.C. v. K.C.C.

The following will represent the I.R.C. in their league fixture against the K.C.C. in the latter's ground on Saturday at 2.15 p.m.—A. H. Runjahn (Captain), A. El Arcaill, G. C. Earle, S. H. Ismail, S. D. Ismail, N. M. Bux, M. B. Saffad, S. A. Ismail, A. A. Runjahn, D. Runjahn & S. M. Moore.

LEAGUE MATCH.

K.C.C. v. I.R.C.

The K.C.C. v. Indian Recreation Club at Kowloon on Saturday 24th January, at 2.15 p.m. Sharp. The following have been selected.—J. P. Robinson, J. Stalker, B. D. Evans, J. V. Braga, R. Pestoff, A. de Sousa, H. Overy, A. W. Ramsay, L. J. Blackburn, D. M. Goodall, W. T. Elson.

HOCKEY.

HONGKONG H.C. BEAT 74TH PUNJABIS.

A very interesting hockey match was witnessed at Kowloon yesterday when the Hongkong Hockey Club defeated the 74th Punjabis by four goals to three.

The Club fielded a very strong team which required no improvement, the forwards as well as the defence being very sound. All that is wished is that this team will play more matches together in order to get used to each other's play, and then the Club will take some beating this season. The Indians made up with brawn what they lacked in science, and by their vigour, managed to get the ball through their more scientific opponents' defence. Play in the first half was very fast, both sides making frequent incursions into enemy territory. The Club scored two goals in this half, Braga being responsible for the first and Mackenzie for the other. The good work of Railton and Hickling at back and Jones in goal prevented the Indians from scoring.

The hot pace was not lessened in the second moiety. The Indians played like men possessed and made strenuous efforts to reduce the Club's lead. Soon it became apparent that the Club players were beginning to feel the strain whilst their hard-as-nails opponents did not relax a single bit, and scored three goals in quick succession. Their centre forward and inside right being responsible between them for the success of their side. Science triumphed in the long run, however, and after some very clever play, the Club equalized, Mackenzie scoring. Both sides made strenuous efforts for the winning goal, and by means of another fine piece of scientific combination, the Club succeeded in invading the Indian goal, where Mackenzie had the honour of notching his side's winning goal. At one time the Indians looked like equalizing, but the Club had already fallen back to defending the citadel for the rest of the game, and succeeded in keeping it intact for the rest of the game. When the half time came they were the deserving winners by the odd goal in seven.

CARPENTIER'S TRIUMPH.

HOW BECKETT WAS DEFEATED.

To boxing enthusiasts of the Colony the Overseas edition of the Daily Mirror of December 11 is bound to be of great interest as it tells the story of Carpentier's victory over Beckett in a striking series of pictures. On the front page there is a big photograph of Beckett down for the count with Carpentier standing back, while another shows the loser being helped back to his corner by his opponent.

In reporting on the fight the same journal says:

Wonderful scenes were witnessed outside and inside the Stadium.

Long before the doors were opened crowds began to gather, oblivious of the rain which fell at intervals; and as time wore on special regulation of the traffic in Holborn became necessary.

Never before in the history of boxing has a contest aroused such wonderful interest.

Most of the seat-holders were in their places before eight o'clock, and by the time the first bout was staged the hall was literally packed.

The huge crowds which gathered outside the main entrance in the hope of seeing the men arrive were doomed to disappointment, for both Carpentier and Beckett entered the back entrance practically unnoticed.

The police had taken the precaution earlier in the evening to clear the street leading up to the back entrance of the narrow thoroughfare running off Red Lion-street. A cordon of men in blue was posted at either end, and only those in possession of tickets of admission were allowed to pass.

It was shortly after 9.30 that a car, with a medium-sized portmanteau on the top, drove up, and a few people near by easily recognised the tall figure of Georges Carpentier as he stepped briskly to the pavement with his manager.

Beckett, who had taken the precaution to come early, was already inside the Stadium, which he reached practically without recognition.

THE PRINCE ARRIVES.

At about nine o'clock the crowd recognised the Prince of Wales in a closed car with an escort of mounted police, and cries of "The Prince, the Prince" were raised.

In their enthusiasm they rushed forward in spite of the police cordon, and surged in a mass towards the car as the Prince drove in his way towards the Stadium.

His Royal Highness was accompanied by Prince Albert, and cheer were renewed as they alighted at the hall. The Prince of Wales waved his hand as he entered the building, in acknowledgement of the cheers.

More women than ever were among the spectators, and they helped to give the Prince of Wales a wonderful reception when he entered the hall with his party.

But it was Beckett and Carpentier the spectators awaited, and it is doubtful if two boxers have ever before received the reception they were given. And what a striking contrast they presented.

NO SENTIMENT.

Beckett, with his grim, rock-like face, gave one the impression that he was perfectly trained to the minute, but Carpentier looked a bit drawn in the face.

The Frenchman, however, is a past master in hiding his feelings, and he betrayed no emotion, no excitement.

Other ways, too, these two men, who are to fight the greatest battle of their lives, were dissimilar, and the Frenchman looked all the stone difference in the weights lighter than his opponent.

It was obvious that sentiment was not going to play any part in this match; the honour of each man's country was at stake.

Not that there was any bad feeling. Far from it, for without a shadow of doubt, after it was all over, these two finely-trained athletes would shake hands in the ring as they did three weeks ago.

And was there not the chance of the winner gaining the championship of the world later on? All this must have crossed the boxers' minds before the fateful bout opened.

The one big question on everybody's lips was: "Has Carpentier retained his brilliant pre-war form?"

In his last contest, that with Dick Smith in Paris, Georges and his manager, M. Deschamps, were not satisfied. Five years' abstention from the ring had left him a trifle slow, so that a postponement of his bout with Beckett, which was originally fixed for September at Olympia, was asked for and granted.

The Frenchman's ring experience goes over a longer period than Beckett's, for he started boxing at the early age of sixteen.

Since then he has won the championship of France at every weight—truly a great record. Twice has he beaten Bombardier Wells, when Billy was the champion of Great Britain.

But against Billy Pepke and Frank Klaus, both hard-hitting American middle-weights, the wonderful Frenchman had to strike his colours.

Then Carpentier was little more than a boy, but those defeats caused some of the old sages present to form the opinion that Beckett's rugged style would prove victorious.

Beckett's right to be in the ring with Carpentier was unquestioned. His rise has been meteoric, and started from the Albert Hall Tournament last December.

Before the war he had engaged in many contests; indeed, he commenced his career, like many other good men—in the fair booth.

But he had never attained a brilliance which would entitle him to rank with the best. Hard conscientious work, practice and training, however, have worked wonders with the Englishman, as his recent victories show.

First Bombardier Wells was beaten. Then the great surprise of many outside his circle. These people thought it was a fluke, but later he decisively defeated Frank Goddard in the second round.

Subsequently Eddie McGoorty came along in the hope of stopping Beckett's progress, but although he stood up for seventeen rounds he failed.

That contest proved one thing above all else. It showed the experts that Beckett knew more about the scientific side of the game than he had been given credit for.

Nerves form no part of his composition, as was fully evidenced. He had a wonderful reception on arriving at Waterloo, from where he drove straight to his hotel—and went to sleep for the afternoon.

Before announcing the boxers, Mr. M.C. introduced the referee, Mr. Angle, who, in a short speech, reminded the company of the importance of keeping quiet during the rounds and refraining from any remarks, pointing out that it prevented the boxers from hearing any caution he might have to administer to them.

As the men sat in their corners both wore a rather serious look. If no one else did, they at any rate realised how much depended upon the next half-hour, or perhaps less—a fortune for the winner and mediocrity for the loser.

NO TIME WASTED.

M. Deschamps, the manager of Carpentier, was very critical in his choice of gloves, but at length selected a pair to his liking, and watched by Mr. Mortimer, Beckett's manager, the gloves were soon put on.

No time was cut to waste, and in about five minutes after the men had entered the ring the contest began.

For what happened nobody in the hall could have been prepared. In half a round the great contest was over, with the Frenchman victorious. Directly they stood up there was a light lead and the men rushed into a clinch. Breaking they squared up again, and like lightning the Frenchman shot two lefts to the mouth. The second blow followed so quickly on the first that Beckett had no chance of stopping it.

They went apart after a short clinch, and then, feinting with the right, Beckett brought the left across and just clipped Carpentier on the face. This blow was so cleverly done that it must have raised hopes that Beckett would be just as fast as his opponent.

The next instant, however, Carpentier got in a terrific half-arm left dig to the face as Beckett ducked to avoid what he thought would be a left hook to the face.

Again they parted, and then, like a flash came the finish.

Feinting his left, Carpentier brought the right across to the point with tremendous power and beautiful accuracy of timing. It was obvious to everybody that the punch had very severely hurt Beckett. He fell forward on to his opponent and clutched at the Frenchman's shoulders, but Carpentier drew back, and as he did so Carpentier slid to the floor and lay face downwards while the timekeeper ticked off the seconds.

The silence could almost be felt, but when the fatal ten had expired there was a terrific roar of cheering. It had not subsided when Beckett returned to consciousness, seemingly unaware of what had happened.

Bouquets were thrown into the ring, and, smiling and triumphant, Carpentier kissed his hands to the huge crowd who were acclaiming his victory.

Directly afterwards he left the ring and disappeared into his dressing-room to a further round of applause. Meanwhile, Beckett was slowly recovering and, a sad and shaken man, he soon followed his victor.

While the contest lasted it showed that Carpentier had lost nothing of his lightning speed with which he won his contests before the war.

Not only was he extremely quick in attack, but his defence in the short period one could judge was also very good. The manner in which he avoided the left hook of Beckett and turned it into a slight clip was remarkable.

The punch which won the fight was one of the best seen for a long time. It went straight from the shoulder with no circular motion, at all, and was so beautifully timed that directly it landed it was quite obvious that the end was near.

The result, of course, must be a great disappointment to Englishmen all over the world, but there can be no doubt that the better man won.

"WALLA WALLA" boots are new and last. Get them at Blake's.

FLU.

The question of whether Hongkong is to experience an epidemic of influenza and the methods of prevention of the spread of the disease is at present exercising many minds. Endeavouring to get a true idea of the present state of things a representative of this paper called on the Medical Officer of Health, and in reply to his request for information was given a few details of the flu. In the first place it was emphasised that there was no cause for alarm. During this year only thirteen deaths have been recorded as being due, or likely to be attributable to influenza. This, of course, does not mean to say that cases are not occurring. They are. Everyone knows of it, but generally the attacks seem to be of a mild form. The Medical Officer pointed out that it was impossible to give the number of cases that had occurred as influenza was not notifiable and when asked if such a course was likely to be adopted explained certain difficulties in the way, chief of which is that 'flu in the early stages and an ordinary cold are so similar. Even if the disease should be made one for compulsory reporting many cases would get by, as only those would be notified in which the patient was sufficiently ill to call in the aid of a medical man, while those only slightly affected would continue to spread the disease. With regard to any campaign against the disease the difficulties are very great. It cannot be conducted as are against small-pox or plague as the diseases are of different natures. The prevention of influenza seems to be for the greater part a matter of individual carefulness. It is probable that the Government may issue pamphlets containing facts as to the nature of the disease and its prevention. The main rules to apply seem to be:

1. To keep the throat clean.
 2. To avoid crowds, especially people who are sneezing or coughing or are infected.
- In influenza the "bug" is spread generally by a forced expulsion of the breath such as occurs in coughing or sneezing. While the disease at present is not prevalent to any dangerous extent the public can rest assured that the authorities have not overlooked it.

"J. R. M. SMITH" SCHOLARSHIP.

As a memorial of her late husband, Mrs. J. R. M. Smith has very generously founded a Scholarship of the value of £25 to be awarded annually to the pupil of Scotch descent attending the Victoria British School or the Kowloon British School, who obtains the best results at the Junior Local Examination of the Hongkong University.

The Scholarship is payable half at the Prize Distribution following such Examination and the remainder at the Prize Distribution a year later provided that the pupil has then passed the Matriculation or the Senior Local Examination of the Hongkong University. Should the winner be unable to enter for the Matriculation or the Senior Local Examination in consequence of having left the Colony he (or she) may receive the second instalment of the Scholarship, provided his (or her) attendance and progress have been satisfactory.

In case of any change in the nature of the School Examinations the Scholarship will be awarded at dates and in a manner as nearly as possible corresponding to the foregoing.

The Scholarship Funds are held in trust by the Hongkong St. Andrew's Society. These rules were designed by Mr. Ralphs, Director of Education, and agreed to by the St. Andrew's Society with the donor's approval.

The late Mr. J. R. M. Smith was Chief Manager of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation from 1902 to 1910 and also President of the Hongkong St. Andrew's Society for the year 1909-1910.

ROYAL NAVAL QUADRILLE CLUB.

The usual weekly dance of the Royal Naval Quadrille Club was held at the Seamen's Institute on Tuesday last, and quite a large and jovial gathering assembled.

Owing to the illness of the pianist, Mrs. Tipton, a substitute was obtained by the genial and energetic President and Hon. Secy. (Chief Writer, Smith), in the person of one of the ship's company of H.M.S. "Ambrose" who was also assisted in the rendering of very good music for the dance programme by two of his colleagues, who proved themselves to be able violinists; the trio greatly adding to the enjoyment of the evening. Mrs. Alderman, an old favourite pianist of the Quadrille Club kindly played for a set of Lancers and also for the "Destiny" waltz, her voluntary assistance being much appreciated.

Yeoman of Signals Warren proved an able and efficient M.C. and the members of the Committee of the Club also contributed to the success of the dance.

It is very gratifying to note that the Club is losing none of its popularity and the Tuesday evening dance seems to be looked forward to as one of the "thrills" of the week.

POPULAR RESIDENT DIES.

MR. LEONARD LE BRETON.

The death occurred early this morning at his residence, No. 6, Broadwood Road, of Mr. Leonard Le Breton of Messrs. Alex. Ross & Co. Mr. Le Breton, who was 32 years of age, had lived in the Colony practically all his life, coming here when quite a small child. After leaving school he joined the firm of Messrs. Alex. Ross & Co., and early showed much promise. He worked his way up to the position of manager of the machinery department holding the post at the time of his death. His general disposition brought him a wide circle of friends among whom he enjoyed the greatest popularity, while he was also a member of the Hongkong Club and the Royal Hongkong Golf Club. Was a good all round sportsman and some years ago came out the winner of a long cycle race over in the New Territory. The nature of his business naturally brought him into close relations with the automobile movement in the Colony. Mr. Le Breton is survived by his wife and a small son to whom general sympathy will be extended. He had only been ill about a week but during the last two days the influenza from which he was suffering took a serious turn and he succumbed to pneumonia. The funeral takes place this afternoon passing the Monument at 5 o'clock. If possible it will be of a military character as deceased had always been a keen volunteer and during the war performed search light duty with the R.E.

THE S.S. "CHINA."

No news has been received so far, in connection with the s.s. "China," that would show cause as to how she went ashore. A telegram was received by the China Mail Steamship Company's local office, this morning, which stated that the passengers had been landed at Nagasaki and would be provided with accommodation on another ship to enable them to continue their voyage and also that further efforts were being made to lighten the vessel.

LOCAL PROPAGANDIST FINED.

The Chinese boy who was yesterday charged before Mr. Wood with writing Chinese characters on a wall in Seymour Road, urging his compatriots to boycott the large department stores, styling them the "enemies of his country," was again before his Magistrate this morning when he was fined \$10.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—Competent Cashier and Book-keeper. Reply with copies of Testimonials, salary expected, and details of qualifications to: Macao Electric Light Company, Limited.

KOWLOON RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERSHIP.

ALL KOWLOON RESIDENTS who have not already joined the above Association and who are desirous of becoming Members are invited to send their Names and Addresses, with the Annual Subscription Fee of \$1. to the undersigned.

W. JACKSON,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer,
No. 14, Nathan Road,
Kowloon.

MOTOR THE REPUBLIC MOTOR BOAT FIRE.

BOATS. SERVICE DAY AND NIGHT.

Head Office: Praya East. Station at Bluff Point.

Passengers conveyed to and from steamers or across the harbour. Our reliable craft are eminently suited for PLEASURE PARTIES, roomy but economical.

KOWLOONITES.

Forget the last Ferry. We take you to Tsim Sha Tsui for \$1.00—specially reduced fare.

General Terms: \$2.00 per hour or part thereof, or \$1.00 per trip not exceeding 15 minutes.

Our runners will meet you on the WESTERN SIDE of Bluff Pier. For long trip and hire by the day, apply to the Superintendent there.

MOK LIN, Managing Director.

"DODGING A MILLION!"

is A Goldwyn Production!

A triumph for Mabel Normand!!

and A Coronet "Big Picture!!"

10-NIGHT at 5.15 & 9.15.

AT THE CORONET

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

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RURAL BUILDING LOT.—Containing over 48,000 sq. feet with TWO SIX-ROOMED semi-detached HOUSE, and levelled site upon which two more houses could be built. The houses are easily convertible into one, and are suitable for a Private Hotel or Mess. Apply to: Linstead & Davis.

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICES, VICTORIA BUILDING on THURSDAY, 5th February, 1920, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving the REPORT of DIRECTORS, together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1919.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from Wednesday 28th, January to Thursday 5th February, 1920, (both days inclusive), during which period no TRANSFER of SHARES can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,
Secretary to the
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
General Agents for the
KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING CO., LTD.
Hongkong, January 21, 1920.

WISEMAN, LTD.

TEA DANCE

TO-DAY

(THURSDAY), 22nd Jan.

Dance Tickets 50 cts. each.

D. M. GOODALL,

Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

The Company's Steamship, "ATSUTA MARU,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN COMPANY'S GODOWNS at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on tugs Instructions are given to the contrary before Noon, To-day.

Goods not cleared by the 25th January, 1920, will be subject to rent.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and FRIDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.
Hongkong, January 22, 1920.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

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WEDDING, COMPLIMENTARY

AND

CHRISTENING GIFTS.

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CELEBRATED

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TEL 1982

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Repairs of all descriptions under European supervision. Re-painting a specialty.

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Rependent Tooth Paste, the scientific new departure in Dental Preparations. Prices lowered by high exchange.

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14, Queen's Road Central.

Telephone No. 1877.

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"THE CHOICEST OF ALL CHOICE WATERS."

Do you know

THAT—for all round general health TANSAN is the most important single item of your everyday diet?

That TANSAN is 100 per cent pure—in it not even a trace of microbic life or organic matter?

That—standing a bottle of TANSAN in the sun for any length of time it will be found as free from growth forms of any kind as when taken from the SPRING itself?

That—TANSAN frappe more quickly in the ice chest than any other known water, thus proving a distinct difference in quality?

That—of all good, better and best Waters TANSAN is manifestly the BEST?

That—TWO HUNDRED AND ONE of the most eminent physicians of America petitioned Congress a few years ago to admit TANSAN free of Customs charges?



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JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings.—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

SAILINGS.—

To Macao daily at 9 a.m. Saturdays at 2 p.m.
From Macao daily at 1 p.m. (Sundays excepted, at 4 p.m.)

Police Permits to leave the Colony are not required.
Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Tico, Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

Regular Sailings to

NEW YORK

via Panama.

S.S. "ST. ANDREW"

Sailing on or about 24th January, 1920.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

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Carrying 1st, 2nd & 3rd Class Passengers.

Trains leave Trieste 6 a.m. each day, ARRIVING PARIS 10 a.m. the following day.

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Regular Services between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA

FOR JAVA.

S.S. "RIOMUN MARU"

Sailing on or about 20th February.

FOR JAPAN.

S.S. "BANRI MARU"

Sailing on or about 2nd February.

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Steamship Services Trans-Pacific.

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O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

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ATLAS MARU—Beginning of February.

GENOA & BOMBAY—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Co.'s steamer.

BUENOS AIRES—Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town via Singapore.

CANADA MARU—End of February.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via S. pore.

SIAM MARU—On 26th January.

SAIGON, BANGKOK, & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly service.

UNNAN MARU—Sunday, 1st February.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE—Monthly service, taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.

MITSUKI MARU—Saturday 31st January.

VICTORIA & VANCOUVER—Tacoma via Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Yokohama.

AFRICA MARU—Wednesday, 25th February.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O.S.K. wharf near the H. river Office.

KAIJO MARU—Sunday, 26th January.

TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

SOSHU MARU—Thursday, 29th January.

JAPAN PORTS—Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Yokohama.

S. r. sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager. No. 1, Queen's Building.

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Estimates furnished on application.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

SHIPPING

C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR SWATOW & SINGAPORE CHINA MARU Jan. 23, at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI AND TSINGTAO TAN Jan. 25, at 10 p.m.

SWATOW & BANGKOK CHENG TU Jan. 27, at 9 a.m.

AMOY, SHANGHAI & PUKOW SHANTUNG Jan. 27, at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI SHANTUNG Jan. 29, at Noon.

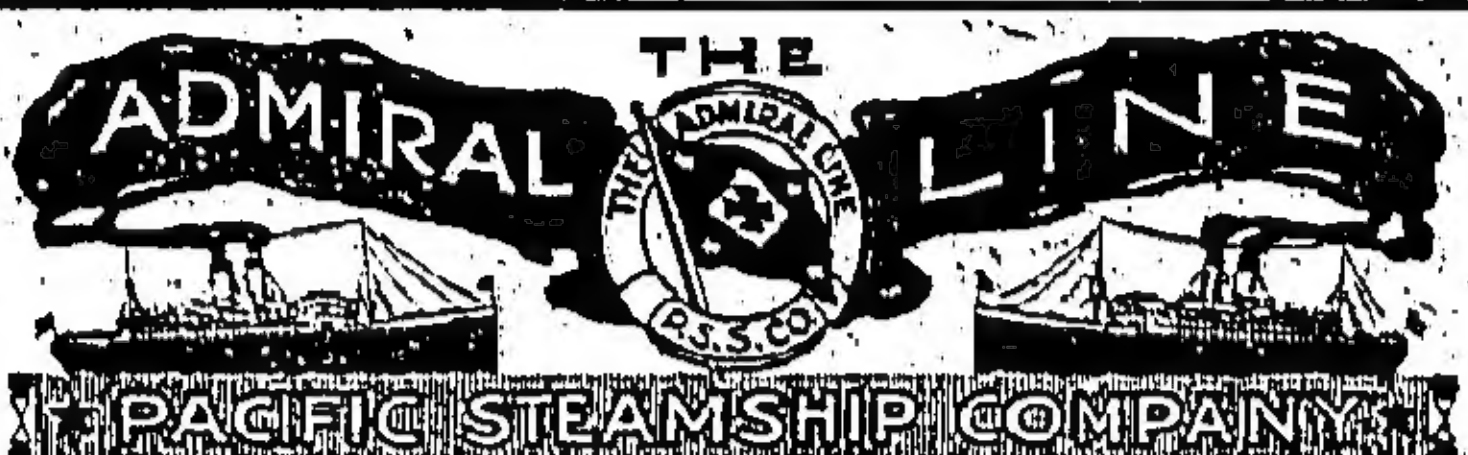
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"ENDICOTT" About March 18.

"ELETON" About March 30.

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EARLY FEBRUARY.

Via PANAMA.

S.S. "SAGAPORACK"

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MIDDLE MARCH.

Via SUEZ.

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THE U. S. SHIPPING BOARD.

S.S. "ASKAWAKE"

ABOUT MIDDLE MARCH, 1920.

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FAST and LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers Tons Leave Hongkong.

"HIBERIA MARU" 20,000 30th January.

"PERSIA MARU" 9,000 3rd February.

"KORSA MARU" 22,000 23rd February.

"TENYO MARU" 22,000 11th March.

"SHINYO MARU" 22,000 1st April.

§ From Kobe. *Omitting call at Shanghai.

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HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU,

SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SANTIAGO, VALPARAISO,

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Thence by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers Tons Leave Hongkong.

"ANTO MARU" 12,000 March 13th.

"MIYO MARU" 14,000 May 11th.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

T. DAIGO, MANAGER,

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Via Shanghai, Nagasaki (Moji) Kobe & Yokohama.

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From Hongkong To Vancouver

Empress of Asia Jan. 22 Feb. 9

Empress of Japan Jan. 26 Feb. 16

Empress of Russia Mar. 11 Mar. 29

"Monteagle" Mar. 16 April 10

Empress of Japan Mar. 28 April 19

Empress of Asia April 3 April 28

Empress of Russia May 6 May 24

"Monteagle" May 19 June 13

Empress of Japan May 26 June 16

Empress of Asia June 3 June 21

Empress of Russia July 1 July 19

Empress of Japan July 20 Aug. 10

"Monteagle" Aug. 3 Aug. 27

Passage Fares Hongkong to United Kingdom.

Express of Russia Gold 600 Tons Reg. Gold

Express of Asia \$635.00 Montreal \$485.00

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OCEAN SERVICES.

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SWATOW, AMOY & POOCHOW

AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

HAICHONG Capt. A. H. Stewart SUNDAY, 24th January at 10 a.m.

QUINNEBAUG Capt. Madia TUESDAY, 27th January at Noon.

HAICHONG Capt. W. O. Passmore FRIDAY, 30th January at 1 p.m.

SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

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VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.

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March 23rd, 1920 March 30th, 1920 January 31st, 1920.

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AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE.

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S.S. "SUVERIO" sailing about February 10.

For NEW YORK via Suez Canal

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JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE

REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED:

For LONDON AND ROTTERDAM "ST. FRANCIS" 31st January.

LONDON AND ROTTERDAM "MATOPPO" 10th February.

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JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

(OCEANIC S. S. CO., LTD. & CHINA MUTUAL S. S. CO., LTD.)

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(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S. S. CO., LTD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

"ATREUS" via Suez 28th January.

"ABOISTO" via Suez 10th February.

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Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

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BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, OF THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.

HONGKONG & CANTON. REISS & CO., CANTON.

MR. CHESTERTON'S IRISH IMPRESSIONS.

Every man for himself and God for us all, as the donkey said when he danced amongst the chickens, was one of Mr. Sam Weller's *faciends*. No doubt the donkey was completely, plausibly—even Pharisaically—conscious of "playing the game" and assured that it was only the perversity of the smashed chickens which prevented their acknowledging that both he and God—an

E. HING & CO.
LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS,
viz. Steel Ship Plates, Angles, and Bars.
Also Shipchandlery Articles.
Telephone No. 1118. 25, Wing Woo Street, Canton.

ENGLISH PATENT LEATHER DANCING PUMPS and SHOES

in all sizes and fittings.

Owing to these arriving late in the season, we are offering the whole lot at a special price for one week only.

\$9.00 per pair.

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

16, Des Voeux Road,

Telephone 29.

THE MARATHON RACE.

Entries for the Marathon Race to be run on Saturday, February 21, under the management of the Hongkong Boxing Association, have to date been made as follows:

- 1.—Eric Carr, Jardine Matheson & Co.
- 2.—J. Marshall, Loxley & Co.
- 3.—Pte. Tiesler, Wilts, Regt.
- 4.—R.C. H.W. Fraser, H.K. Police.
- 5.—N.B. Mohamed, Kowloon.
- 6.—Stoker W. Hollyhead, Alacrity.
- 7.—Stoker H. Williams, L. 15.
- 8.—Stoker T. Barry, L. 15.
- 9.—A. B. L. Dubock, L. 15.
- 10.—A. B. J. Frost, L. 15.
- 11.—Pte. H. Armstead, Wilts, Regt.

Entries close on Saturday, January 31, at noon. The Hongkong Telegraph Cup has been presented for the winner.

It will be remembered that there were no less than 56 competitors in the Police Reserve Marathon which was held on April 20, 1918. The winner was Naik Rannia Khan, 18th Infantry, who covered the 10 miles course in 1 hour 15 minutes 47.4/5 seconds. The second man in was Sanitary Inspector Wood.

SEATTLE.

The United States Shipping Board will establish a fast passenger service between Seattle and other Pacific Coast ports and the Orient by the middle of 1920, according to Gordon C. Corbaley, executive secretary, who has returned from an extended trip through eastern United States cities, including the national capital, Washington, D.C. While in the East Mr. Corbaley conferred with members of the shipping board and other men high in the federal administration.

Delays in trans-Pacific cable communication soon will be a thing of the past according to Mr. Corbaley. The United States Navy has brought about the formation of a great wireless corporation that will handle this business. A powerful wireless station will be erected on the Pacific Coast of America, equipped to send messages to any country on the shores of the Pacific. Similar stations will be erected in the Orient that will send messages to Seattle and other American cities. With a few improvements and alterations wireless stations now on this coast will be able to receive messages from the Orient. In this way Seattle will be brought into immediate communication with the Far East, said Mr. Corbaley.

"Establishment of a wireless service for the Pacific by a new corporation will be completed in 1920," said Mr. Corbaley. "This will free Seattle from long delays and troubles that have been experienced with the cable system. It will also be of great advantage to every country in the Orient and bring the United States and

HOME FOOTBALL.

The following are the positions of the League Division I.

| THE LEAGUE DIVISION I. | P. | W. | D. | L. | F. | A. | Pts. |
|------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| W. Bromwich | 17 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 54 | 23 | 21 |
| Burnley | 18 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 28 | 25 | 21 |
| Newcastle | 19 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 34 | 18 | 23 |
| Sheff. Wed. | 20 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 32 | 21 | 23 |
| Cheltenham | 21 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 18 | 19 | 19 |
| Middlesbrough | 22 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 24 | 24 | 19 |
| Manchester Utd. | 23 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 22 | 26 | 18 |
| Manchester City | 24 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 27 | 19 | 18 |
| Nottingham | 25 | 7 | 4 | 7 | 32 | 28 | 18 |
| Aston Villa | 26 | 7 | 4 | 7 | 29 | 24 | 18 |
| Sheff. Utd. | 27 | 7 | 4 | 7 | 31 | 31 | 18 |
| Everton | 28 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 27 | 33 | 17 |
| Bradford | 29 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 23 | 28 | 16 |
| Derby | 30 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 29 | 30 | 16 |
| Blackpool | 31 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 20 | 28 | 16 |
| Leeds | 32 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 29 | 24 | 16 |
| South Shields | 33 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Wed. | 34 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Utd. | 35 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Wed. | 36 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Utd. | 37 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Wed. | 38 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Utd. | 39 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |
| Sheff. Wed. | 40 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 26 | 16 |

| THE LEAGUE DIVISION II. | P. | W. | D. | L. | F. | A. | Pts. |
|-------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| Tottenham H. | 1 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 51 | 13 | 30 |
| Birmingham | 2 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Blackpool | 3 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Hull City | 4 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Stoke | 5 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Huddersfield | 6 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Bristol City | 7 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Fulham | 8 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| West Ham | 9 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Stockport | 10 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Barrow | 11 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Bury | 12 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Port Vale | 13 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 14 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 15 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 16 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 17 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 18 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 19 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| South Shields | 20 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |

| SOUTHERN LEAGUE. | P. | W. | D. | L. | F. | A. | Pts. |
|--------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| Portsmouth | 1 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 51 | 13 | 30 |
| Walsley | 2 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Reading | 3 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Queen's P. Rangers | 4 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Crystal Palace | 5 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Cardiff City | 6 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Barnum | 7 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Norwich City | 8 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Plymouth Argyle | 9 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Exeter City | 10 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 11 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 12 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 13 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 14 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 15 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 16 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 17 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 18 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 19 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |
| Swansea Town | 20 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 15 | 25 |

the Far East into intimate relations. It will enable us to transact our business without loss of time and the commercial advantage of this is so great that it cannot be overestimated. We are to have a wireless telegraph service to the Orient capable of handling 4,000 to 5,000 words a day."

Refreshing the Skin

A most refreshing healthy pleasure and relief. Ideal for use of the skin, is daily enjoyed by one of the

"Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap"

—English made and delightful for use. Toilet and Bath purposes. Delicately perfumed, refreshing, soothing. Bath in year.

"I like the 'Albion and Sulphur Soap'"

very much. It is pleasant to use and softens the skin.

Lady C. Robert-Hamilton writes:

"The 'Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap'"

is a very pleasant soap, and I prefer it to any other I have ever tried. No artificial scents used.

Sold by Chemists, Grocers, Stores, etc. Why not try a tablet of the

"ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP."

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK'S NEW BUILDING.

SPLendid PALACE WHICH IS TO REPLACE THE OLD PREMISES.

One of Shanghai's most important landmarks—the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank building—is doomed to disappear in the near future after service to the bank and community in general for 45 years. Like a number of these old buildings in Shanghai there does not appear to be a great amount of information readily available as to the history of the building itself, but apparently built at a time when the Bank was not paying particularly well, when two half-yearly meetings had passed without any dividend, the structure, which is rapidly approaching the time when it will fall into the hands of the breakers, has seen the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation grow until it has reached its present heroic proportions. There must, of necessity, be some regret at the passing of such a building, for within its walls have been completed transactions which have gone to help in the making of history in China; in it has been put through much of the unseen and often unrealized groundwork which eventually shows results in trade returns and it is consequently no exaggeration to say that the building, as much as the bank itself, has played a considerable part in the fortunes of the port.

WHEN THE BANK WAS NEW. In the year that Trinity Church became Holy Trinity Cathedral—two years after the present British Consular buildings had been opened in 1875, and a year after the Shanghai Woosung Railway had been laid, the present building was opened for business. Even not excepting the Ewo must have been the most imposing structure on the Bund in a settlement the limits of which cannot be adequately appreciated in these days. There do not appear to be many of the names associated with the Bank then which are to be found to-day, but we notice in a report of the annual general meeting of the Bank at Hongkong in 1875 such familiar names as Ede and Sassoon, not now represented by the original holders, and C. P. Chater now well known as Sir P. Chater.

That was an interesting meeting which considered the then new bank buildings in Shanghai.

In his annual speech the chairman, Mr. Forbes, said:

"A good deal has been said outside regarding our new Shanghai premises and it may be well that I should give you some particulars regarding them. The lease of our present premises in Shanghai expires shortly, and the terms on which we were offered a renewal, viz., that the place should be rebuilt, would have cost you a higher rent. With this in view, and considering it indispensable that the Bank should be on the Bund, the directors had about 18 months ago decided that the Bank should purchase premises in Shanghai, and bought the present site for £15,000. A contract was made for the building for £15,000, some iron pillars, etc., were ordered from England, costing about £15,000 and architects' commission was to cost £15,000, making a total of £15,000, and so far as we know these amounts will not, in any way, be exceeded. Taking the highest rate at which we receive deposits, viz., five per cent., this would cost us £15,000, and we shall have commodious premises with accommodation equal to that for which we now pay £15,000."

NO PROPHETIC VISION HERE. Probably had the chairman been gifted with that foresight with which some Scots are reputed to have been gifted, he would have expounded the foregoing figures with even greater complacency, for the site is now estimated to be worth something, but not much, under £1,000,000. It might have been that Mr. Kingsmill, a shareholder, would have praised the directors for the step they were taking, but not having that occult gift, he is reported to have commented as follows:—"He went on to say that matter of the Bank building in Shanghai had been to a certain extent satisfactorily explained. The new building would cost £15,000,000 a year and they might have had to pay more for another building if they hired it. But still he must ask whether the directors were justified in authorizing the erection of such an enormous building for the purpose in view? It was a common fault with banks to put their managers in too prominent a position and lodge them as if they were partners in the business. This was not the position which

the manager of a joint-stock bank should occupy, and it certainly did seem that there had been an expenditure under this head not justified."

Whether the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation would have achieved greater things by making its successive managers live like the modest retiring violet is still a matter for argument but the chairman at that meeting 15 years ago stuck to his guns and replying to Mr. Kingsmill, observed that at the time the building was sanctioned the Bank was in what he supposed, even Mr. Kingsmill would have called a very flourishing condition.

THE MANAGER'S BITS O' STICKS. "Ah!" retorted Mr. Kingsmill, "But you have got into the hands of architects and builders," and at this unkind cut at two very respectable callings, the report goes on to state, the meeting laughed.

Later the same shareholder came back to the charge with a reference concerning the furniture to be purchased for a sanctioned cost of \$20,000. The chairman replied that the furniture had not yet been ordered and the bulk of the money would not be spent until better times. (It doesn't seem true that at one period the Bank had to look forward to "better times.")

Mr. Kingsmill retorted that for two half-years they had had no dividends and many losses had been incurred, and he was surprised that the directors should sanction an outlay of £4,000 for furniture for the Shanghai premises, to which the chairman replied:—"You would not have us go into a house without furniture."

Hostilities were then taken up by Capt. Bernard.

"What did the building at Shanghai cost?" he inquired.

"£115,000," replied the chairman.

"Well, you had better write that off," said the captain. "If there was an apothecary present I should like to ask him for an ounce of civet," and the meeting rocked again with laughter.

The critics were confounded. The house on the Bund became a tradition, so traditional that its history seems to be written large in the minds of men, but small on paper, for it is difficult to come by.

A GIANTIC ENTERPRISE. The new building, of which pictures are printed on this page, will cover an area of 62,000 sq-ft., designed in a quadrangular form with an internal open space above the Banking hall.

When it is realized that the roof alone will be as high as the Customs tower, some idea of the grandeur of the undertaking may be formed. The commanding position and setting of the building will lend magnificence to the structure, the site itself giving an opportunity seldom offered to the designers: it will conform in its proportions to the situation where it will be seen by the mercantile fleets of the world, isolated from any other structure, the building will have a facade of 300 ft., facing the river, and a return frontage on Fookchow Road of 220 ft., and will be surrounded by a raised podium on which will be placed statues and vases for shrubs. Frontage will also be obtained on Szechuen Road. While alterations will doubtless be made to the design, the general effect will be very much the same. Sculpture on the fronts will represent Industry, Labour, Agriculture, Time, Justice and the Arts.

The principal entrance to the Bank, from the Bund, will be formed of heavily rusticated arches surmounted by a Corinthian order of columns, which with the storey and balustrade above will reach the height of 110 ft., and this height will prevail all the way round the frontage and return.

All the facades will be built of Hongkong granite, noted for its bright cream colour and texture, and the crowning feature of the structure will be the copper-covered and enriched dome over the grand entrance. This will reach to a height of 182 ft., and will terminate in a lantern, the diameter of the dome being 56 ft. A bright band of colour will be formed in a golden mosaic at the base of the dome, 10 ft. wide.

A SPLENDID INTERIOR.

The first impression of the spacious interiors will be gained on entering the vestibule from the outer portico. The dimensions of the outer portico are 65 ft. long by 20 ft. wide; the walls will be of Hongkong granite, and the three massive arches will be filled with bronze gates, the entrance doors being of the same metal. Above will be windows filled with stained glass in heraldic designs. The vestibule, forming part of the public space, will be 65 ft. wide and 28 ft. high, the walls will be of Brescia or

other selected marble and the ceiling will be enriched with modelled plaster work. All the doors and joinery will be of walnut enriched with inlay work.

The banking hall, occupying an area of 21,500 sq-ft., will have its ceiling supported on 40 columns covered with marble, the ceilings will be coffered, and the hall will contain the latest and most practical features of modern banks suitably arranged for the climate.

The fenestration of the hall will be such as to secure excellent light from three sides, with a barrel-vaulted roof of reinforced concrete with glazed lighting spaces, and arrangements for killing any glare from the sun. At either end of the vaulted roof will be painted and modelled panels representing Agriculture and Commerce.

The public space for the transaction of business will be 60 ft. by 20 ft., connecting directly with all departments with two entrances from Fookchow Road and one from Szechuen Road. Marble counters with grilles and departmental signs will be installed, the walls will be of marble and tiles of approved texture and colour, while a feature of the hall will be the marble bridge connecting the lifts and changing rooms on the mezzanine floor. Contiguous to the vestibule will be the brokers' waiting room and the private office, both of which will have direct communication with the manager's office, beyond which will be some of the departmental offices of the bank.

The savings bank and Chinese department will be entered from both the Fookchow Road and the Bund frontages and Szechuen Road.

CHINESE QUARTERS AND TREASURY.

The Chinese Department is placed on the west side of the Banking hall and possesses spacious accommodation for the public and working staff, the comptroller's departmental office having direct road frontages on Fookchow Road and connecting directly with the Chinese portion. Tiffin rooms, changing rooms, ample lavatory accommodation and a sherry dining room will adjoin their department. The treasures and book rooms are spacious and will be constructed with observation corridors round them, the outer walls of which will be of reinforced concrete having special lattice bars in the formation of same. The walls of the treasuries proper will be of reinforced concrete and be made proof against interference and intrusion by the adoption of the latest approved materials—ventilating and fire resisting appliances.

Situated on the upper floor are suites of offices and access to these may be had from four stairways for use of the public. The wall of the stairway will be lined with grey tiles. Six lifts will carry the public to any of the offices they desire to visit. In addition to these lifts service elevators will be installed, with special coolie stairways adjoining, to connect with all floors for distributing the daily cheques and other articles. These service stairways will all have sanitary angles and be supervised and controlled by watchmen. Space will be provided for the storage of cycles, and rooms will also be provided for the use of coolies only on every floor with modern lavatory accommodation. Garages and richa sheds will be provided so that they can be entered from the two wide private roads connected to the Bund and Fookchow Road and Szechuen Road and connecting directly with public and private entrances.

The chief accountant's office, security and coupon rooms are on the right of the Bund vestibule. Private rooms for the Bank's customers will be provided. The floors to the administration portion of the building will be of selected oak, and the public spaces and corridors of mosaic with all sanitary angles and corners. The ornament generally will be appropriate, straightforward and refined. White shutters will be provided to all the windows having sunny aspects so that the steel and bronze windows will open out fully to attract any breezes going: ample extract fans and ducts will be provided in addition to the natural ventilation.

IF KINGSMILL COULD SEE.

On the third floor the manager's flat will be arranged, all self-contained with its own private staircase, and lift, and fire exits. The private entrance hall to the residence connects also with the administrative part of the Bank. The suite of residential rooms will consist of a salon, large dining room with large verandah, 70'0 x 20'0 and in addition a sun room with verandah garden adjoining. Service rooms will be in connection with the dining and reception rooms and a private office with telephone in connection with the entrance.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

OUR BUTCHERY DEPARTMENT

Can supply all your requirements in Australian and Local Meats

RABBITS, HARES, HAMS, BACON, SAUSAGES, CORNED BEEF & PORK, etc., etc.

OUR THIS WEEK'S SPECIALITY

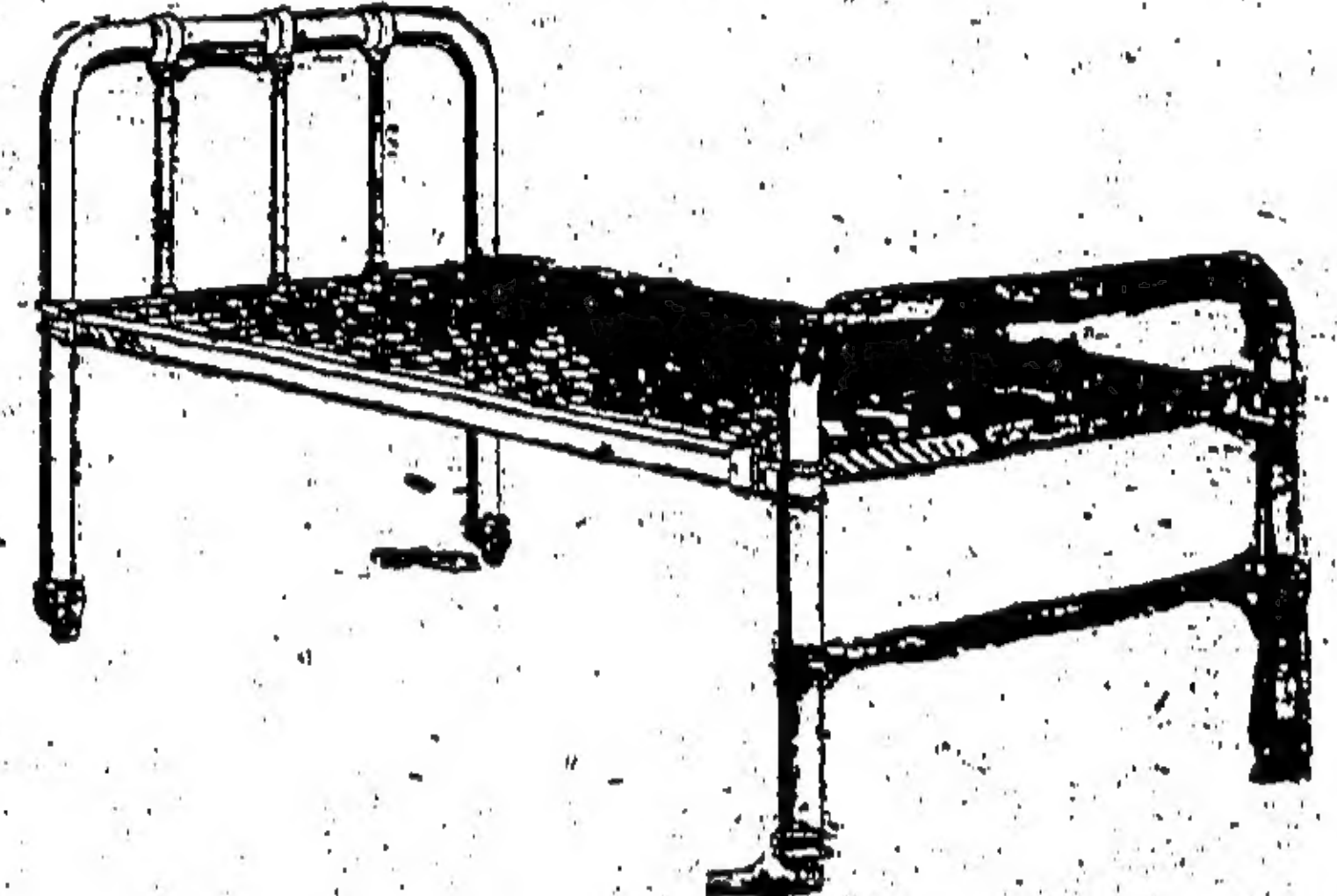
OXFORD SAUSAGES.

TRY THEM!

THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

SECOND WEEK OF WHITEAWAY'S GREAT SALE.

FURTHER BARGAINS
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.



300, 3 part Bedsteads, exact to illustration. Size 64 by 36. The best and cheapest 3 part Bedstead on the market to-day for ordinary use.

Special Sale Price \$13.50 each.

Cair Mattress for above. Made with best English ticking and stuffed with Maldiva Cair imported by us direct from India.

Special Sale Price \$6.75 each.

Cair Pillow. Special Price \$1.00.

Kapee Pillow. Special Price \$2.00.

Hemstitched Cotton Sheets. Size 3 by 3 yards.

Special Sale Price \$7.50 pair.

Blankets. White Wool. Size 66 by 72 inches.

Special Price \$6.50 pair.

White Honey Comb Quilts

from \$4.95 each.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

20, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

On the floor above, eight bedrooms, boudoirs, all with bathrooms and sleeping rooms will be at the back of the building where they will have their own open air space with covered ways all round and rooms and lavatories and kitchens en suite. The servants will thus be isolated and a bridge will connect their quarters to the domestic service department.

The windows throughout the building will be of steel and those to the ground floor bronze all glazed with polished plate glass or selected braced glass. The locks will have bronze fittings of the most substantial description and be all answering to a master key for each department but the whole of the locks controlled by one grand master key. The sanitary arrangements will be the most up-to-date, every lavatory being cut off from the offices and separately ventilated.

The roofs are flat with an isolated chamber below ventilated and cooled by introducing cold currents of air into the chamber so that the building will not feel the effect of the sun's rays on the roof garden. The whole

of the external stonework will be in Hongkong granite which has a pleasing colour and texture. The whole of the work will be carried out in fire resisting materials chiefly reinforced concrete but in the weightier portions of the structure will be of steel frame construction.

In the building of the structure the latest derrick cranes with 50 ft. steel lattice jibs will be used with all the latest hoists. By this arrangement stone up to 10 ton can be picked up from the road frontage to proceed in their position on the building. The architect responsible for this imposing building are Messrs. Palmer & Turner.—N.C. Daily News.

CROUP.

EVERY young child is liable to croup. Don't wait until this dreadful disease attacks your little one before you prepare for it. It comes in the night when parents are usually asleep and it is a very serious illness. Get and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy handy. It never fails, acts quickly and is absolutely harmless. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

Big

